EPA Registration Jacket 82542-26

ISB'S Front-end PRIA Completeness Screen Draft 3; 10/25/07

EP	A Receipt Date: SEP 73 2009 EPA Reg. Number: &	² 25 4;	Q-EP	1
	Check List Item	Yes	No	MA
1	Has the PRIA Fee been Paid; is a copy of the check or Pay gov receipt included in the Submission Package?	藍	X	
2	Is an Application Form (EPA Form 8570-1) Included in the Submission Package, is it completely filled out and signed including package type?	X		
3	ls a Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-29) Included in the Submission Package, is it completely filled out and signed (boxes 1-21)?	X		
4	is a Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570- 27) Included in the Submission Package?		Χ	
5	Is a Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-34) Included in the Submission Package?	X		
6	is a Data Matrix (EPA Form 8570-35) included in the Submission Package?	1		
7	Is a Label Included in the Submission Package?	Х		
8	Arc Data included in the Submission Package?	X		
9	Is the Submission an Amendment?		X	



February 16, 2010

Document Processing Desk Office of Pesticide Programs (P7504C) Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard (South Building) 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Attn: James Tompkins (PM 25), Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Subject: Dynaquat (containing paraquat): EPA Reg. No. 82542-26: Final Label

Thank you for your Notice of Pesticide Registration of January 21, 2010. Please find enclosed two copies of the final label and Form 8570-1.

Sincerely,

Rufus Bastian, President Source Dynamics LLC

Offer Bother

rbastian@solerasd.com

_	ì					Print Form
SEPA	United State Environmental Protect Washington, DC:	tion Agency		Registra Amend Other	ation	O. Approval expires 2-28 OPP Identifier Number
	Applica	tion for Pesti	cide - Sectio	n I		
1. Company/Product Numb 82542-26	er .	Į.	1 Tompkins			posed Classification
Company/Product iName Dynaquat	1	PM# 25				
5. Name and Address of Ap Source Dynamics LLC 10039 E. Troon North D Scottsdale, AZ 85262		(b)(i), to:	-	imilar or iden	tical in co	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) mposition and labeling
Check if thi	s is a new address	Proc	duct Name	·		<u></u>
		Section -	- 11			
Notification - Explair	oonse to Agency letter dated below. nal page(s) if necessary. (Fer sec	tion I and Section II.	Finel printed let Agency letter d "Me Too" Appl Other - Explain	lated lication.	01/2	
		Section -	111			
1. Material This Product Will Child-Resistent Packaging Yes No	1	Water Soluble Yes X No	Packaging No. par	2. Type of	Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper	
* Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging wgt. container		container		Other (S	pecify)
3. Locetion of Net Contents Lebel X (6. Manner in Which Lebel is	Container Affixed to Product Lith	Retail Container 2.5 gal., bulk sograph ear glued	a 5	Location of Lal On Label On Labeli plastic slee	ng acc <mark>om</mark> pa	ns ining product
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	Certifi ments I have made on this form a ly knowlingly false or misleading s law.	nd all ettechments t statement may be p		curate and co		6. Deta Application , , , , , , , , , , (Stamped)
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3. Title

President

February 16, 2010

Pufus Books

2. Signatura

4. Typed Name

Rufus Bastian

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.



Defoliant and desiccant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

NEVER PUT INTO FOOD, DRINK OR OTHER CONTAIN-ERS. IF SWALLOWED, TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION AS PRE-SCRIBED IN FIRST AID. SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED AND PAINFUL, DO NOT USE OR STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME, DO NOT REMOVE CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE. THE ODOR OF THIS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDED, NOT FROM PARAQUAT.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

 Paraquat dichloride (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium 	t
dichioride)	43.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	56.8%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emetic and stenching (odor) agent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER POISON



VENENO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 82542-26

EPA Est. No. 84662-CHN-001 Net Content; 265 Gais (1,000L)

FIRST AID

Contains paraquat, a bipyridinium herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

IF SWALLOWED:

- · Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice, SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. If available, give an absorbent such as activated charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh eir. The odor of this product is from the stending agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

(Continued)

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated charcoal (100 grams for adults or 2 g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1 liter for adults or 15mL/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an absorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. Do not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset comeal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns, Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraquat; however, contact with imtated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

For more information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incideras), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 3-990-858-7378.

HOT LINE NUMBER: TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300 3 4 3 2 2 7

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS *

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals '

DANGER: May be fatal if swallowed. Fåtal if inhaled, Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective erewaar. Do not breathe spray mist. Wear a dust/mist respirator. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal imitation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton); Shoes plus socks; Protective eyewear; A NIOSH-approved particulata filtering respirator equipped with N, R, or P, class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A.

(Continued)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (Cont.)

It is recommended that you require that the respirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton); Shoes plus socks; Chemical resistant apron; Face shield; NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, P, or class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A. It is recommended that you require the respirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR t70.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: t) Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations,

guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the *Directions For Use* section of this label for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses or playgrounds.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides.

(Continued)

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (Cont'd.)

It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

For preplant or preemergence (broadcast or banded), chemical fallow, postemergence directed spray applications, early postemergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

For harvest aid and desiccation application: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear, chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton).

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Do not apply this product through any type of imagation system.

When this product is applied at less than 10 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive should be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following DRIFT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and must never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environment conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets, Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

OYNAQUAT Page 2 of 30

Number of Nozzles — Use the minimum númber of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzie Orientation – Orienting nozzies so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice.

Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications must not be made at a helght greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high.

Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begIn to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

USE INFORMATION

This product is a liquid formulation containing 3 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a nontoxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

APPLICATION

This product is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broadspectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/ defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because this product is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application techniques

and/or applications to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because this product requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Drought-stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody bark of trees and vines are unaffected by application of this product.

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because day and organic matter rapidly tie up this product.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

After the last application of this product, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

RAINFASTNESS

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of this product because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE CLEARED FOR THE CURRENT USE

The following should always be added and be used at the recommended rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of this product.

Nonionto Surfactant:

Either add a nonionic surfactant containing 50 to 74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% viv (1 pt. per 100 gals.); of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

Crop Oil Concentrate: For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate that contains 5 to 20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v (1 gai. per 100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotion harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using this product.

NOZZLE SELECTION

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of this product. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Nozzle Type and Spray Pressures and Setup

	Nozzie Type		
Ĩ	Flat Fan	Flood	
Maximum Size	8	15	
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psi	30-50 psi	
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"	
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down	
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph	
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%	

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

SPRAY CARRIER

This product may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher specified rate of this product and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier. Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with this product. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

RATES OF THIS PRODUCT

With each use, follow rates fisted in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher rate when crop vegetation is dense. Do not exceed 0.50 lbs. a.i. per acre in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with backpack sprayers.

SPRAY VOLUME

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the follage, because the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES IN HEIGHT WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALLONS OF SPRAY CARRIER PER ACRE.

APPLICATION TIMING

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1 to 6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2 to 4 inches in height.

Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when this product is applied prior to tilling or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tilling and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of this product.

SPOT SPRAYING

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying

If the Broadcast Rate Per Acre for THIS PRODUCT is:	Add The Following Amount of THIS PRODUCT to 1 Gailon of Water:		
1 ½ pts.	t/3 fl. oz.		
2 pts.	3/8 fl. oz.		
2 ½ pts.	1/2 fl oz.		
3 pts.	2/3 fl. oz.		

Add 1/3 to 1/2 ft. oz. of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Photosynthetic inhibitor Herbicides

To control difficult weeds, tank mix this product with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of this product. This allows this product to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leef, thus achieving better control than if this product was applied alone.

THIS PRODUCT may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide Atrazine 4L Herbicide Bicep Lite II MAGNUM® Herbicide Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide Canopy® Herbicide

Lariat® Herbicide

Lexone® Herbicide

Linex® Herbicide

Lorox® Herbicide

Lorox Plus™ Herbicide

Princep® Herbicide

Sencor® Herbicide

Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

improved Weed Control with PSi's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult

weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Bamyardgrass

Broadleaf signalgrass

Cheatgrass

Cocklebur

Fall panicum

Giant ragweed

Knotweed

Kochia

Lambsquarters

Malva (cheeseweed)

Marestail

Momingglory

Pennsylvania smartweed

Perennial weeds (suppression only)

Prickly lettuce

Sedges

Tansymustard

Velvetleaf

Volunteer wheat

improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB or Banvel® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or momingglory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with this product.

Order of Tank Mixing

It is advisable to tank mix this product and other listed products as follows:

- Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add THIS PRODUCT to tank.
- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

Always read other pesticide products labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. It is advisable to perform a jar test to check physical compatibility when using different formulations of the herbicides listed on this label.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS PRODUCT is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use.

The activity of THIS PRODUCT may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Unless otherwise indicated, THIS PRODUCT will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or playgrounds.
- Do not apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for preplant and preemergence (to the crop) uses.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- · Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for preplant weed control that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler imigation prior to planting may be needed.
- THIS PRODUCT will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS									
Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions				
ALFALFA (California only) New seedlings		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts. See Table on "Alfalfa: New Seedlings (CA Only)"	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	70	Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made during late winter or early spring. Do not cut or harvest within 70 days after application. Alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned. Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands. Do not apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.				
ALFALFA Preplant or Preemergence (No-till or conventional planting)	Name of the latest and the latest an	Broadcast or Banded Over Row	t.7 – 2.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply prior to emergence of the crop. Avoid disturbing soil when seeding. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. 				
ALFALFA Dormant season Established plantings Region A See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds, including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	t.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	42	 Do not make more than one application per year. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if last fall cutting is greater than 6". Spring regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2". After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are at least t-year old. Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days after application. For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Always refer to the metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. 				
ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar® L Herbicide Region A See lable at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: t0 gals.	42	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. When weeds are less than 4 inches tall apply at 0.7 pt. rate of THIS PRODUCT. Mix THIS PRODUCT with t-2 qts. of Velpar L per acre. Use lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams. Always refer to the Velpar L label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalfa stands. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if last fall cutting is greater than 6". Spring regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2". Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding. Temporary chlorosis may occur on alfalfa regrowth. Increased chances of crop injury may occur if stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, over cutting, drought or frost occurs. (Continued)				

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Cont.) ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar L Herbicide Region A — See table at end	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.	Broadcast	0.7-1,3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. A ir: 10 gals.	42	DO NOT USE on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand or poorly drafned alkaline soils as crop injury, including mortality, may result. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days of application.
of Alfalfa section ALFALFA Dormant Season On established plantings: Region B: See table at end of Alfalfa section.	Weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed,	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winler months after the last fall cutting. California: Do not apply if spring re-
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	growth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties. Alf other areas within Region B: Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches. Do not harvest within 60 days of application. Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned. If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. For improved and residual weed control in dormant established (at least 1-year-old) alfalfa, tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than 1-year-old. Always refer to metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. California If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher rate.
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section	annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds California: Desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtall, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment. Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or sliage. Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting. A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfe is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches. Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application. Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in and climates. Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application. Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application. Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa
ALFALFA (For use only in the following states: ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY) Desiccation of alfalfa to aid harvesting alfalfa seed THIS PRODUCT/ Regione Tank Mix	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts. 1.3 -2.7 pts. / 2 pts. of Regione	Ground: 20-25 gals. Air: 5-10 gals.	See Precautions	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not harvest until at least 4 days after application. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 ft., or by air within 75 ft. of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds. Use only on fields in production of alfalfa seed. Do not use on fields producing alfalfa for livestock feed. Do not use any portion of the treated field for human or animal feed, including seed, seed screenings, hay forage, or stubble. Do not cut current year's treated alfalfa seed crop for hay or forage. Do not graze current year's treated alfalfa seed crops. Do not use treated alfalfa seed for sprouting. Tag all alfalfa seed treated with THIS PRODUCT/Reglone tank mix at processing plants with, "NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION". The grower is responsible for notifying the processing plants of any seed crop treated with THIS PRODUCT/Reglone tank mix. Remove ALL THIS PRODUCT/Reglone treated alfalfa seed processing are prohibited from feed channels.

ALFALFA: New Seedlings – Suppression and control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in new alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (California only).

	Rate/Acre*				
For Control of:	For Suppression	For Control			
Annual Bluegrass	_	10.7 - 21.3 fl. oz.			
Chickweed		10.7 - 21.3 fl. oz.			
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4 10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.			
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)		10.7 – 2 t.3 fl. oz.			
Shepherdspurse	10.7 – 21.3 fl. oz.				
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5.4 fl. oz.	10.7 – 16.0 fl. oz.			
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches tall or less)	5.4 – 10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.			

^{*} Use the 5.4 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or use rates over £0.7 fl. oz. only when there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

ALFALFA-REGIONS

Alaska, Califomia (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra and Nevada), Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming

Region A

Region B

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Łouisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Стор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage. When spraying around young trees, use a shield or wrap plant. Do not graze treated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground. Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-100 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed 8 pts, per season. Applications must be made at least 7 days apart. Do not harvest within 24 hours of last application.
ASPARA GUS	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 g al s. Air: 5 gais.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
ASPARAGUS Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old.	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	6	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
BEANS, DRY Not for use in California Sweet lupin White sweet lupin White lupin Grain lupin Adzuki beans Asparagus beans Black beans Broad beans	Harvest-Aid	0,8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt./100 gals. of spray mix. Use a single application of the higher rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth. May also be applied as a split application and may improve vine coverage. However, do not make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre. (Cantiqued)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Field beans Garbanzo beans Kidney beans Lablab beans Moth beans Mung beans Navy beans Pinto beans Rice beans Tepary beans Urd beans Guar PEAS, DRY Not for use in California Blackeyed peas Chickpeas Cowpeas Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang	Harvest- A id	0.8-1,3 pts.	Ground; 20 gals, Air: 5 gals,	7	 Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans are green. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included. Not registered for use in dry beans and dry peas in California.
BERRIES Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	—	Do not make more than 5 applications per year. New canes or shoots can be injured. Therefore, apply before their emergence. To prevent crop injury from spray mist, apply as a coarse spray.
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2,7 pts.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Apply when weeds are succulent and growth is from 1-6". Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, lategerminating weeds and grasses and for perennials. Use a shield for young trees to prevent sprays from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS (Puerto Rico only)	Shielded Post Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90	 Cassavas and Taniers: Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Yams: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Make applications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1-6". Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

Use information for Chemical Fallow

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with TH/S PRODUCT. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum bumdown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying THIS PRODUCT, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide for rates

of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- · Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application. When applying at less than 10 GPA by ground: Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph. Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi. Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre. By air: apply in 6-10 gallons of spray mix per agre.

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Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Intervai (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CHEMICAL FALLOW Continuous Wheat (2-3 month recropping interval)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply at least 45 days before seeding. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "Use Information for Chemical Fallow".
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Fall applied after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Spray before weeds produce seeds. Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September. For improved burndown and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksmane Herbicide, or Commande Herbicide. For improved burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF). Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Refer to the section "Use Information for Chemical Fallow".
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied: seeded 3-5 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": t.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains. Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "Use Information for Chemical Fallow".
					 For burn down and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone). Always refer to the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexone) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop ¹ -Wheat Rotations (Fall applied in wheat stubble)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved bumdown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds produca seed. If grasses such as foxtails or bamyard-grass recover, respray before seed production. Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome. Refer to the section "Use Information for Chemical Fallow".

Сгор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop¹)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for Atrazine for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "Use Information for Chemical Fallow". Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pertaining to soil pH and recropping intervals.

Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch. Dormant Season On established plantings: Region A – Sae table at end of Alfalfa section.	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per yaar. Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting. Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2". Do not harvest within 60 days of application. CAUTION: Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or
On established plantings: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	California - Use for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass,	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	other legumes' foliage present at the time of application, Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application.
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.	60	If there is severe weed infestation, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other lagumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. In California: If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher rate.
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": t.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcom. To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
CORN Tank mixes for no-till/reduced till	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.*		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved bumdown or residual control: 2, 4-D Ester (Low Volatile), Harness®, Harness® Xtra, AAtrex®/Atrazine, Lasso® Herbicide, Banvel®, Linex®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Lorox®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Princep®, Dual MAGNUM, Prowl® Herbicide, Frontier®, Simazine, Guardsman®, Surpass®, EC Harmony®, Extra Herbicide Surpass, 100 (Preplant only) Topnotch®. THIS PRODUCT may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	Postemergence Directed Spray (including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made when weeds are ectively growing. Use the higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts corn plants. For Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxlcity. Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. For Directed Spray Without Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Com height is measured from soil surface to top of whorl. Apply when corn is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of com stalks. Corn plants shorter than 10" mey be injured and not recover. For corn more than 20" tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the com stalks. Injury to com foliage will occur if sprayed. However, corn will recover and develop normally.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN	Harvest Aid Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air. 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than one application per year. Make ONE (1) application at least 7 days prior to harvest. Apply after the com is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consuit your local agricultural authority for help in identifying the black layer. Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active ingredient at 0.25% v/v. To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18", use 1.3 pts. Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kili, and desiccation may not be complete.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	Postemergence Directed Spray USDA Witchweed Eradication Program	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, foraga) 2, 4-D Amine AE Tank Mix	Postemergence Directed Spray USDA Witchweed Eradication Program	5.4 fl. oz. + 0.5 ibs. 2, 4-D Amine AE	Ground; 10 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed bicoms. If regrowth occurs, reapply. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply prior to, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.
COTTON (California only; Used alone)	Preplant	5.4-10,7 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
COTTON Goal® Herbicide Tank Mix	Preplant or Fallow Bed Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Always refer to the Goal labe! for weeds controlled, rates of applications, and directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Other Tank Mixes	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For improved residual control or burndown, THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Caparol® Herbicide, Cotoran® Herbicide, Cotton-Pro® Herbicide, Diuron, Dual MAGNUM®, Harmony® Extra (Preplant Only), Meturon® Herbicide, MSMA, Prowl®, Zorial® Herbicide. When tank mixing with Cotoran® DF or Meturon® DF, follow mixing instructions carefully, maintain constant agitation, and see Order of Tank Mixing section in respective labels. When tank mixing with any of the herbicides listed above, always refer to respective product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

COTTON HARVEST AID USE RESTRICTIONS

- · Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- · Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.
- Do not apply to cotton within 3 days before harvest.
 Repeat application if necessary. Do not exceed a total of t.3 pts./A as a harvest aid.
- · May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- THIS PRODUCT can be upplied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate® insecticide. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Nodes above cracked bolls (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Intervai (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOUTHERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phos- phate and chlo- rate defoliants).	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + t pt. phosphate or 1 gal, chlorate	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN COTTON Additional tank mixes for boll opening and de- foliation	Broadcast	2, t-3.3 fl. oz.	Ground; t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 4 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate® Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Dropp® Defoliant, Ethephon® Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR. Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN COTTON Post Defoliation — To aid in opening of mature bolls and to desicate green weeds.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. If weed infestation is heavy or dense, use higher rate. Apply when 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking.
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and early defoliation	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate; and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	Do not make more than 4 applications per year. On rank cotton, use the higher specified rate. Do not use more than 5.4 ff. oz, of THIS PRODUCT for early defoliation as excessive desication may occur. Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Do not use more than 4.0 lbs. of actual sodium chlorate defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and mid-to-late defoliation	Use Pattern Broadcast	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre 5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days) 3 (Alone)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of THIS PRODUCT in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton. Mid-to-late defollation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.
COTTON Stripper or Spin- dle Harvested Harvest aid for defoliation and bolf opening.	Broadcast	harvest aid products. 2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK OF COTTON TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. Apply when 75% of the bolis are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY. THIS PRODUCT may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant, Def Defoliant, Dropp Defoliant, Ethephone Plant Growth Regulator, Folex Defoliant, Harvade Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep PGR. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. To avoid leaf sticking, apply THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7-14 days before harvest. Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner. South of Interstate — 10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. Apply when 85% of the boils are open and the remaining boils to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice boils and inspect the seed for maturity. South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made. May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.

Сгор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
COTTON Desiccation of regrowth	Broadcast	0.75-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation. Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary. Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete. If regrowth is excessive, use the higher specified rate.
EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gals.		Do not exceed two applications per year.
FALLOW LAND Prior to planting of any crops.	Preplant Broadcast to Failow Land	1.9-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year during the fallow period. Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes. Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for suppression of perennial weeds or sedges. For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6", the higher rate may be used. No more than 2 applications should be made during the fallow period. Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use. Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.
GRASSES (For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)	Preplant, at Planting, or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate. Apply THIS PRODUCT when weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage. Applications may be repeated as necessary (but only up to 3 applications per year) prior to grass emergence. Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from freated areas for animal feed or bedding.
GUAR (Preharvest desiccation)	Preharvest	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	4	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply after the pods are fully mature. Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.
GUA VA	Directed Spray	2,5 pts.	Ground; 10 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage. Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
HOPS (ID, OR, & WA only)	Directed Spray and/or Suckering and Stripping.	1,3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, foliage, flowers, or cones as injury may result. Do not allow animals to graze in treated hopyards. Silage and hop vine refuse may be fed to livestock. Spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines for sucking and stripping. Repeat as necessary, but only up to 3 applications per season. Experience with varieties other than Cascade, Yakima Cluster, and Bullion is limited. If using THIS PRODUCT on other varieties than these, test the use pattern on a small number of vines of each variety to determine sensitivity to injury. Do not use on unlisted varieties if unac ceptable crop injury occurs. Chemical Pruning: Spray when vines are less than 3 ft. tall to burn back existing vines and obtain even emergence of subsequent vines. APPLICATION TO HOP VINES LESS THAN 6 FT. TALL MAY CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE INJURY.
LENTILS NOT REGISTERED FOR USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA.	Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 7 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Add nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals) of the finished spray volume. May also be applied as a split application. DO NOT make more than 2 applications or exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A. The split application may improve coverage. Apply when crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 30% of the leaves still green in color. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce spray drift a drift control agent may be included.
MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)	Dormant Season	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gałs. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For suppression of weeds such as groundsel, chickweed, downy brome, bluegrass, Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce. Apply when crop is dormant before spring growth begins and when weeds are less than 6" tall. Do not apply more than 2.0 pts./A per dormant season. May be tank mixed with Sinbar® Herbicide (terbacil) weed killer for improved contact activity and residuel control of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce and groundsel. Apply this tank mixture no more than once per season. Always refer to Sinbar (terbacil) label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
ONIONS (seeded) AND GARLIC	Preplant/ Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60 200 (CA only)	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. For heavy weed infestations or wild oat control use the higher rate. Apply only one application per season at the 2.7 pts./A dosage. Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence. Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per season.

Crop PASSION FRUIT	Use Pattern Directed Spray	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre 2.5 pts.	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre Ground: 10 gals.	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions • Do not make more than 5 applications per year. • If bark is still green at application time, use a shield or wrap vine. • Pick all fruit off the ground prior to application if application is to be made during harvest season. • Do not allow animals to graze on treated areas.
PEANUTS	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemer- gence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 It may be necessary to retreat or spot treat. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. To control or suppress small (1-6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds in peanuts at ground crack. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. For at ground crack use, THIS PRODUCT can be tank mixed with Pursuite Herbiclde or Dual MAGNUM for residual weed control. Always refer to the Pursuit or Dual Magnum label for a list of weeds controlled, application rates, necessary precautions, and use limitations. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl, oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Basagran [®] Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Tank mix THIS PRODUCT with Basagran at 1 pt./A. for improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed and prickly sida. This tank mix can be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Always refer to the Basagran label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide treatment, do not apply this tank mix as injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged. During prolonged periods of drought or unseasonably cold weather do not apply this tank mix as unsatisfactory weed control may result. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod and morningglory, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with 8-16 oz. (0.125-0.25 lbs.) per acre of Butyrac or Butoxone 200. Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 ft. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally. (Continued)

		_		Grazing or	
Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	Always refer to the Butyrac or Butoxone 200 labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply by air.
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliage. Do not make more than 1 application per season. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.
P!NEAPPLE	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	20	Do not exceed 3 applications per season. More mature weeds may require retreatment.
POTATO	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Aìr: 5 g al s.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.
POTATO (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only; used alone)	Preplant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Aìr: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
POTATO Fresh Market Only Preharvest vine killing and weed desiccation. For Use Only in the states of: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	3	For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use.) • DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year. • DO NOT use on potatoes that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result. • Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and processed or consumed immediately. • DO NOT apply to drought stressed potato vines. • DO NOT use to desiccate the vines of seed potatoes as seed pieces may fail to germinete and grow normally. • DO NOT pasture livestock in treated potato fields. • DO NOT exceed 2.6 pts./A per season. • Begin application when leaves begin to turn yellow. • Immature potato foliage is tolerant to THIS PRODUCT. However, desiccation will not be complete under this condition. • Use 1.3 pts./A rate where quick vine kill is desired. • For dense vine growth, use 2 applications of 0.6 pt/A. Split applications must be applied a minimum of five days apart.
RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds t-3": 1,3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher rates and spray volumes. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. This product will not control weeds and grasses emerging after application. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": t.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy and/or wet weather delays speed of kill, do not flood/flush until complete kill is evident.
SAFFLOWER	Preplant or Preemer- gence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1,7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply before, during or after planting but before crop emergence.
SAFFLOWER (California only)	Preplant Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
SMALL GRAINS (Bar- ley, wheat)	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals,		Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
SMALL GRAINS (Wheat Only) Hoelon® 3EC Tank Mix	Preplani or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. A tank mix with Hoelon 3 EC will improve grass control. Apply when weeds are actively growing and 1-6" in height. Weeds 6 inches or talier may not be controlled. Do not apply this tank mix to barley as crop injury may result. Always refer to the Hoelon 3EC label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SORGHUM (Grain)	Preplant/ Preemergence Broadcast or Band	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting as possible Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
SORGHUM (Grain) Atrazine & 2, and 4-D ester [Low Volatile] Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1,3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6"; 2-2.7 pts.		48 (grain) 20 (forage)	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with Atrazine for improved preemergence or residual weed control. The addition of 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may assist in the suppression of perennial and annual broadleaf weeds emerged at the time of application. Always refer to the specific product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SORGHUM (Grain) Harmony® Extra Herbleide Tank Mix	Preplant	1.3-2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved weed control, THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with Harmony Extra. Always refer to the Harmony Extra label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SORGHUM (Grain)	Post-emergence Directed (Including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts sorghum plants. Do not exceed 2 postemergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. THIS PRODUCT per season. HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height. Apply by directing spray between the rows and by using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. DIRECTED SPRAYERS Apply when sorghum is at least 12" tall when naturally standing. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Use precision directed-spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the application spray. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.
SOYBEANS	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per season. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-DB

Crop SOYBEANS 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix	Use Pattern Preplant or Preemergence	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions • Do not make more than 3 applications per year. • Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lbs. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting. • Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lbs. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting. • Do not apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield. • Do not use amine formulation as THIS PRODUCT activity may be reduced. • May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above. • Always refer to the 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile)
SOYBEANS	Post-emergence Directed Spray (includes Hooded or Shielded)	3.0-5.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		label for weeds controlled, rates of application, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use the lower rate of THIS PRODUCT for control of seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, Brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2" tall. For control of 2-4" red rice, Brachiaria, bamyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT for control of 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed. Apply THIS PRODUCT at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2, 4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. Always refer to the 2, 4-D label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay. If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later. HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Use higher rate on larger (less than 6") or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants. DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8" tall. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the soybean plant is contacted by the application spray. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of application and spreying conditions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOYBEANS	Harvest Aid	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Indeterminant varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, ½ of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing. Injury will occur on immature soybeans. Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants, are tolerant to THIS PRODUCT and desiccation will not be complete. Always use the higher rate when treating cocklebur. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.
STRAWBER- RIES	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	21	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result. Do not apply more than 3 times per season. Oo not graze livestock in treated areas.
SUGAR BEETS	Preplant or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher label rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.
SUGARCANE	Postemergence Directed Spray (included Hooded or Shielded)				Comments Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year. Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction. If necessary, a second and final application can be made when new weed growth is 2-6" high. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.
-Florida-		1,3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small. Do not apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.
-Hawali-		1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gais.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply after cane rows have closed in.
-Louisiana-		0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	30	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than t8" high. For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth, use the higher rate. (Continued)

C	Ho- Dati-	THIS PRODUCT	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
Crop (ConL) SUGARCANE -Florida & Texas-	Use Pattern Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	(Days)	Do not make more than 1 application per year. Under cool, cloudy weather conditions use higher rate. Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.
SUNFLOWER	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1,7-2.7 pts.	G round: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence.
SUNFLOWER	Preharvest Desiccation Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are tuming brown. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.
TARO, DRYLAND (Haweii Only)	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gais.	180	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact the taro plants as injury may result. Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high. Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled. A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland taro within 6 months of the last application.
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT Deciduous and Conifers	Preplant Broadcast	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum emergence of weeds prepare ground early. Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate. For improved bumdown or residual control, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with other herbicides labeled for this use. Always refer to the specific tank mix herbicide label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply in less than 20 gals./A as weed control wilt be reduced.
TREES AND VINES Orchards, Vineyards, Vineyards, Windbreak, Shade & Ornamental Trees: Acerola Apples Apricots Avocados Bananas Beechnut Brazil nut Buttemut Calamondin Cashew Cherries Chestnut Citrus Citrus Citron	Directed S pray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Cherries 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectarines 28 Olives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwl Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shells split. Do not allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruit or foliage. Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines. Do not graze treated areas. Do not peed covered crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when figs, nuts or olives to be harvested are on the ground. For apricots — Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For cherries — Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Cont.) Coffee Figs Filberts Grapes Hickory nut Kiwi fruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Macadamia nuts Mandarin Nectarines Olives Orange (sour & sweet) Papayas Peaches Pears Pistachios Plums Prunes Pummelo Satsuma mandarin Walnuts Other shade and omamental trees such as arborvitae, ash, elm, fir, oak, pine etc.	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Cherries 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectarines 28 Olives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 For figs – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 5 postemer-gence directed applications per season. For grapes – Treat when sucker growth is no more than 8" long. Late season applications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable foliage. For kiwi fruit – Do not treat more than 3 times per year. For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. For nectarines – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For olives – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 4 postemergence directed applications per season. For peaches – Do not harvest within 14 days after application, and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For platachios – Do not exceed 2 applications after shells split. For plums – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.
TREES AND VINES Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other Tank Mix labels	Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for. Apricots, Chemies, Kiwi Fruit, Nectaines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shell split. This product may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Devrinol® Herbicide Goal® Karmex® Krovar® Herbicide Princep® Sinbar® Solicam® Herbicide Surflan® Always refer to other herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
TYFON (New Hampshire only)	Preplant Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance. Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be injured.
VEGETABLES (Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima, Snap) Broccolí	Preplant Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence. (Continued)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Cont.) Cabbage Cantajoupe Carrots Cauliflower Chayote fruit Chinese cabbage Chinese waxgourd Citron melon Collards Cucumber Eggplant Gherkin Gourd, Edible Groundcherry Lettuce Momordica spp. Musk melons Peas Pepino Peppers Pumpkin Squash Sweet Corn Tomatilio Turnips Tomatoes Watermelons	Preplant Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gais. Air: 5 gals.	(2-3)3)	Banded or broadcast treatment applications can be made before, during or after planting but prior to the crop emergence. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. THIS PRODUCT can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal®. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Eggplant Tomatoes Peppers	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground; 10 gals.	———	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure. Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6". Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas. Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Tomatoes	After Final Harvest	1.6-2.5 pts.	Ground: 40- 120 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A). Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution). To ensure maximum herbicide burndown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered. THIS PRODUCT may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used. To ald in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently. DO NOT apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season. To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce the spray droplets (mist).
VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only)	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds. (Configured)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Lettuce Melon Sugar Beets VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only) Tomatoes	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gats. Air: 5 gals.		Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Rhubarb	Dormant	t.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not exceed 2 applications per year. Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.

RESIN SOAKING

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

Tree Selection – Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of THIS PRODUCT is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan treatments of THIS PRODUCT in stagnated or commercial timber stands, not sooner than three years after a commercial thinning.

Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted of THIS PRODUCT to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a standard or rotary bark hack or a chainsew shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1-inch wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. Do not exceed t/3 of the circumference of the tree. Serious girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can result if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 mi) solution of THIS PRODUCT (t-5% cation, wt/wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xylem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3 ml of 2 or 4% solution of THIS PRODUCT will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60 or 120 mg per streak.

Time of Treatment: Less severe pine beetle infestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments

made any time of the year.

Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of THIS PRODUCT and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is from 12-24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resin soaking, may occur. Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for THIS PRODUCT (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)					
Concentrations of Cation Desired (wt./wt. basis)	Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Gallon of THIS PRODUCT				
0.2%	118,8				
0,5%	46.8				
1.0%	22.9				
2.0%	10.9				
3.0%	6.9				
4.0%	4.9				
5.0%	3.7				

Сгор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL SET- ASIDE, CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS (For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set- aside programs)	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control. Always refer to tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
NONCROP USES	Broadcast or Spot Treatment	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Repeat applications as necessary but do not make more than 10 applications per year. To be used in noncrop areas including public airports, electric transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and other installations, and fence lines. Avoid sprey contact with the foliage of ornamentals or desired plants.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PASTURE RESEEDING For suppression of existing sod and undesirable emerged broadleaf weeds and grasses prior to or at time of planting grasses or forage legumes	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gais. Air: 5 gais.	See specific geographic recommendation	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains Apply in October through December after first fail rains and after weeds have emerged and sod has started new growth. Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for best seeding resulls. Do not use in heavy sod and weed growth areas. East of Rocky Mountains Use the 1.3 pts. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass. Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes. Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment. Bermudagrass or Bahlagrass Sods Apply in laie summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3" in height. For control of emerged little barley, apply in February or March before the mid-boot stage of little barley. Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures Apply when bermudagrass is dormant. For control of little barley, apply before the mid-boot stage. Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.
For control of endophyte-fungus-infected fescue forage legume/grass mixture and other grass pastures	Broadcast (Split Application)	0.7-1.3 pts. followed by 0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	=444	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Use split applications of 10-21 days apart if necessary. Do not exceed 2.6 pts./A total in preparation for reseeding. For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be made the previous fall. Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4" high. To reduce the infestation of endophyte-infested grass, do not allow fescue to go to seed starting with the preceding year's crop.
* For prickly pear desiccation in pastures * Not for use in California	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed foliage		 Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Hand-held equipment such as knapsacks, backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, and hand-wands, can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage. Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT and 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water. Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray. Apply in May through September for best desiccation results. Do not use more than 1.6 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment. Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of prickly pear. Always refer to the Grazon P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
* For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to Prescribed burning of pastures * Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists. Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August). Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gal spray solution. Monitor juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after application of THIS PRODUCT. Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for juniper crown burns. Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions. Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.
* Native Pastures * Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.0-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	**************************************	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply THIS PRODUCT for control of downy and Japanese brome. Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom. Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season. Do not apply more than 1.25 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.

AMOUI	Conversion Table AMOUNT OF THIS PRODUCT to Be Applied							
Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i.	Acres/Gallon					
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3					
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7					
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2					
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2					
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8					
11.00	0.69	0,26	11.6					
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4					
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7					
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0					
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4					
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2					
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3					
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6					
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0					
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2					
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0					

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTIC!DE STORAGE:** Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Do not reuse container as container is not safe for food, feed

or drinking wateri

Nonrefiliable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gallons): Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for to seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Oispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefiliable Container (rigid material; 5 gallons or greater): Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and fighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Refiliable Containers:

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To cleen the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

WARRANTY - CONDITIONS OF SALE

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on the labe) when used in accordance with the directions and instructions under normal conditions of use; but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

All brand names, product names, or trademarks belong to their respective holders.

Manufactured By:
Source Dynamics, LLC
10039 East Troon North Drive
Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Form Approved OMB No. 2070-0060 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 401 M Street, S.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice: The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.25 hours per response for registration activities, including time for reading the instructions and completing the necessary forms. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden to: Director, OPPE Information Management Division (2137), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20460.

		DATA MATRIX				
Date January 28, 2010			EPA Reg. No./Fife Symbol 82542-3		Page 5 of 5	
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics LLC 10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262		Product Paraquat Concentrate				
ngredient paraquat dichtoride						
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note	
			Agricultural Handlers Exposure Task Force	PAY		
			Griffin Corporation	PAY		
			Sinon USA, Inc.	PAY		
			Celsius Property B.V., Amsterdam (NL)	PAY		
			Generic Endangered Species Task Force	PAY		
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			<u> </u>			
Signature			Name and Title: Rufus Bastian President, Source Dynamics LLC	_1	Date: Jan. 28, 2010	

United States



Environmental Protection Agency

Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
Washington, DC 20450

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Notice of Supplemental Distribution of a Registered Pesticide Product

Instructions

After a registrant has obtained final registration for the basic product, the registrant may then supplementally distribute his/her product. One form must be submitted for each distributor product and must be signed by the distributor involved. The basic registration number and the distributor company number must be shown.

If a registrant has a potential distributor who does not have a company number assigned, she/he should have the distributor apply, on letterhead stationery, to the Registration Division to have a number assigned prior to submitting this form to the agency.

This Notice of Supplemental Distribution must be submitted by the basic registrant. The completed form must have the concurrence and signature of both the registrant and the distributor.

EPA Registration Number of Product	Distributor Compony Number 19713		
82542-26			
Note: Do not submi	it distributor product labels		
Name of Registered Product (basic product name accepted by EPA)	Distributor Product Name	,.,,, , - 1 	
OYNAQUAT	DREXEL QUIK-QUAT 300		7 7 2 3 3 2 3 3 5 2 3 3
Name and Address of Distributor (Type; include ZIP cods)			; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
OREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY		32323	3
1700 CHANNEL AVENUE		5 9 3 3 2	> 3 V ·
P.O. BOX 13327 MEMPHIS, TN 38 113-0327		. \$ 7 \$ 6 £ 6	5 9 9 9
mba 110, (1100112-002)		3 9	* * *
		3 3 3	* * * *
Read All Conditions	Before Signing		3 3
			3 3 3 3 5
1. The distributor product must have the same compositi	ion as the basis product		****
 The distributor product must have the same composition as the basic product. The distributor product must be manufactured and packaged by the same person \(\) 		who manufacts	"; ; ; ; "
the registered basic product.	craged by the same barson	WITO INSHIOISCIT	ues and hackades
3. The labeling for the distributor product must bear the	enma alaime ae the basis as	aduat aravidad	havenume that
			, novever, mar
specific claims may be deleted if by doing so, no other changes to the label are necessary. 4. The product must remain in the manufacturer's unbroken container.			
· ·	-		والمناف المناف المناف
The label must bear the EPA registration number of th company number.	e basic product, followed b	y a nypnen and	the distributor's
Distributor product labels must bear the name and add			ms as "packed
for", "distributed by"; or "sold by" to show that			
All conditions of the basic registration apply equally to	-	•	•
registrant to see that all distributor labeling is kept in o	ompliance with requirement	s placed on the	basic product.
Distrit	outor		
We intend to market our product under the Distributor Product Name spe	ecified above, subject to the candi	tions specified on t	his Notice.
Signature and Title of Distributor		Osta	
Lyle. Chan, Registration Mornager		February	1, 2010
	trant		
I agree that the distributor named above may distribute and sell the Dist	tributor Product specified above, s	ubject to the condit	ions specified on this
Natice.	•	-	
Signature and Title of Rogletrant		Oeta	
	22 A A A D	Feb. 1.	2010
Polist E. Ilasto REGISTRATION	[[AHAGE K	Tas: 1	<u> 2010 </u>



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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P)

1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg.

Date of Issuance:

Number:

1-21-2010

82542-26

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Dynaquat

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration

___ Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Source Dynamics LLC 10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(a) provided you agree in writing to:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration review/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
- 2. Submit data guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics) within one year from the date of this Notice.
- 3. Add an appropriate EPA Establishment number to the label.
- 4. Add the Registration Number 82542-26

Signature of Approving Official:

James Tompkins, Product Manager (25)

Herbicide/Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

1/21/2010

- 5. Add appropriate Net Contents information to the label
- 6. Revise the heading "GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION" to "USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION" on page 2
- 7. Revise "should" to "must" in the following subsections on page 3: Application Height, Wind, Temperature Inversions, and Sensitive Areas
- 8. Revise "GENERAL INFORMATION" to "USE INFORMATION" on page 3
- 9. Remove "Recommended" from "Recommended Nozzle Type and Spray Pressures and Setup" on page 3
- 10. Revise "Always use the higher rate of this product" to "Always use the higher specified rate of this product' on page 3
- 11. On page 4, remove "GENERAL" from "GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS"
- 12. On page 6, in the first column of the second row, separate the established plantings, fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1 year old Region A, and on fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1 year old Region B, by adding a line in between them.
- 13. On page 7, add the missing rate information (1.3-2.7 pts Product/ 2 pts Reglone) in the Alfalfa "This Product/Reglone Tank Mix" row.
- 14. On page 9, revise "General" to "Use" in "General Information for Chemical Fallow." Also revise the references to this section on pages 10 and 11.
- 15. On page 12, revise "Use a higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds" to "Use the higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds"
- 16. On page 14, revise "On rank cotton, use higher rate" to "on rank cotton, use the higher specified rate"
- 17. On page 16, revise "If regrowth is excessive, use higher rate" to "If regrowth is excessive, use the higher specified rate"
- 18. On page 23, remove "General" from the "General Comments" heading of the Sugarcane section.
- 19. On page 28, combine the 2 prickly pear rows into one row and single set of directions/restrictions.

The basic formulation CSF [dated 10/21/2009] of the product referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act is acceptable. The basic CSF will be added to your file.

You will submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Hope Johnson at 703-305-5410.

James Tompkins

Product Manager (25)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

REST CTED USE PES CIDE

Due to acute toxicity. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated

> UAN 2 F 2010

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

DYNAQUAT

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- · Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a polson control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- . Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for trealment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated chargoal (100 grams for adults or 2 g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (t5% solution; 1 liter for adults or 15mL/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an absorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. Do not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraquat; however, contact with Initated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

For more information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.

HOT LINE NUMBER: TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300

Defoliant and deslocant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

NEVER PUT INTO FOOD, DRINK OR OTHER CONTAINERS, IF SWALLOWED, TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION AS PRESCRIBED IN FIRST AID. SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED AND PAINFUL. DO NOT USE OR STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME, OO NOT RE-MOVE CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE. THE ODOR OF THIS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDED, NOT FROM PARAQUAT.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Paraquat dichloride (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride) 43.2% OTHER INGREDIENTS: 56.8% 100.0% TOTAL:

Contains 3.0 pounds paraqual calion per gallon as 4.14 pounds of dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emelic and stenching (odor) agent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usled en detaile. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it lo you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 82542-EPA Est. No. 82542-XX-XXX

Net Content:

FIRST AID

Contains paraguat, a bipyridinium herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice, SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. If available, give an absorbent such as activated charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth.
- · Have person sip a glass of water If able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or
- · Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

- · Move person to fresh air. The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the paraguat,
- · If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance.
- · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

(Continued)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

DANGER: May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective eyewear. Do not breathe spray mist. Wear a dust/mist respirator. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful If absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely roule of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton); Shoes plus socks; Protective eyewear; A NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, or P, class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A.

(Continued)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEM

TS (Continued)

this recommended that you require that the Aspirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton); Shoes plus socks; Chemical resistant apron; Face shield; NtOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, P, or class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A. It is recommended that you require the respirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavity contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other taundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gurn, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it deslocates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extenl possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the *Directions For Use* section of this label for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal Inversion.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixlure. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses or playgrounds.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides.

(Continued)

AGRICULTURA SE REQUIREMENTS (Cont'd)

It contains requirement. If training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance, it also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

For preplant or preemergence (broadcast or banded), chemical fatiow, postemergence directed spray applications, early postemergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

For harvest aid and destocation application: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear, chemical resistant gloves - Calegory A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrite rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton).

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements In this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pestloides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Do not apply this product through any type of Imgation system.

When this product is applied at less than I0 gallons per acre finlished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive should be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RE-SPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The Interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following DRIFT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozztes must always point backward parallel with the air stream and must never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and controt. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environment conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions). Controlling Droplet Size

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that pro-

vide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles s ____, the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice.

Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets end the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.). Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, Including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high.

Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are charecterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is a liquid formulation containing 3 lbs, of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a nontoxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

APPLICATION

This product is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broadspectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can elso be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/ defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because this product is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defollations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application techniques and/or applications to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because this product re-

quires actively growing een plant tissue to function. Droughtstressed weeds, weeds little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody oark of trees and vines are unaffected by application of this product.

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up this product.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

After the last application of this product, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

RAINFASTNESS

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of this product because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE CLEARED FOR THE CURRENT USE

The following should always be added and be used at the recommended rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of this product. Nonlonic Surfactant:

Either add a nonionic surfactant containing 50 to 74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% v/v (1 pt. per 100 gals.); of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

Crop Oil Concentrate: For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate that contains 5 to 20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v (1 gal. per 100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using this product.

NOZZLE SELECTION

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of this product. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20 gailons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Recommended Nozzle Type and Spray Pressures and Setup

	Nozzie Type				
_	Flat Fan	Flood			
Maximum Size	8	15			
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psi 30-50 psi				
Maximum Nozzie Spacing	30"	40"			
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down			
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph			
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%			

Reduced control will result if nozzies, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

SPRAY CARRIER

This product may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher rate of this product and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with this product. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

RATES OF THIS PRODUCT

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher rate when crop vegetation is dense. Do not exceed 0.50 lbs. a.l. per acre in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with backpack sprayers.

SPRAY VOLUME

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage, because the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHEST HEIGHT

WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALT

30F SPRAY CARRIER

APPLICATION TIMING

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds t to 6 Inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2 to 4 inches in height.

Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when this product is applied prior to tilling or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tilling and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of this product.

SPOT SPRAYING

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying

if the Broadcast Rate Per Acre for THIS PRODUCT is:	Add The Following Amount of THIS PRODUCT to 1 Galion of Water:			
t ½ pts.	t/3 ft. oz.			
2 pts.	3/8 fl. oz.			
2 ½ pts.	t/2 fl oz.			
3 pts.	2/3 fl. oz.			

Add 1/3 to 1/2 fl. oz, of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides

To control difficult weeds, tank mix this product with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of this product. This allows this product to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if this product was applied alone.

THIS PRODUCT may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide
Atrazine 4L Herbicide

Bicep Lite II
MAGNUM® Herbicide

Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide

Canopy® Herbicide

Lanat® Herbicide

Lexone® Herbicide

Linex® Herbicide

Lorox® Herbicide

Lorox Plus™ Herbicide

Princep® Herbicide

Sencor® Herbicide

Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Improved Weed Control with PSI's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass Broadleaf signalgrass Cheatgrass Cocklebur Fall panicum Giant ragweed Knotweed Kochia

Lambsquarters

Malva (cheeseweed)

Marestail

Morningglory

Pennsylvania smartweed

Perennial weeds (suppression only)

Prickly lettuce

Sedges

Tansymustard

Velvetleaf

Volunteer wheat

improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds
Tank mixing with labeled 2.4-D exter (Low Volatile), 2.4-DB or B

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB or Banvel® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morning-glory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with this product.

Order of Tank Mixing

It is advisable to tank mix this product and other listed products as follows:

- Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add THIS PRODUCT to tank.
- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

Always read other pesticide products labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

It is advisable to perform a jar test to check physical compatibility when using different formulations of the herbicides listed on this label.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS PROOUCT is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use. The activity of THIS PRODUCT may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Unless otherwise indicated, THIS PRODUCT will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or playgrounds.
- Do not apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for preplant and preemergence (to the crop) uses.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for preplant weed control that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler imigation prior to planting may be needed.
- THIS PRODUCT will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS						<u>}</u>
Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing o. Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA (California only) New seedlings		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts. See Table on "Alfalfa: New Seedlings (CA Only)"	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals,	70	 Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made during late winter or early spring. Do not cut or harvest within 70 days after application. Alfalfa foliage present at lime of application will be burned. Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands. Do not apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.
ALFALFA Preplant or Preemergence (No-till or conventional planting)		Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1.7 – 2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Aìr: 5 gals,		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply prior to emergence of the crop. Avoid disturbing soil when seeding. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
ALFALFA Dormant season Eslablished plantings Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds, including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, London rocket, sowlhistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	42	 Do not make more than one application per year. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if last fall cutting is greater than 6". Spring regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater lhan 2". After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are at least 1-year old. Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days after application. For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Always refer to the metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar® L Herbicide Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.	42	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. When weeds are less than 4 inches tall apply at 0.7 pt. rate of THIS PRODUCT. Mix THIS PRODUCT with 1-2 qts. of Velpar L per acre. Use lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams. Always refer to the Velpar L label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalfa stands. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if last fall cutting is greater than 6". Spring regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2". Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding. Temporary chlorosis may occur on alfalfa regrowth. Increased chances of crop infury may occur if stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, over cutting, drought or frost occurs.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing Preharve Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar L Herbicide Region A	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.	Broadcast	0,7-t.3 pts.	Ground: t0 gals, Air: t0 gals.	42	 DO NOT USE on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsolls, hardpan, sand or poorly drained alkaline solls as crop injury, including mortality, may result. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days of application.
See table at end of Alfalfa section ALFALFA Dormant Season On established plantings: Region B: See table at end of Alfalfa section.	Weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass,	Broadcast	0.7-t.3 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting. California: Do not apply if spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than t-year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winler	Broadcast	0.7-t.3 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties. • All other areas within Region B: Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches. • Do not harvest within 60 days of application. • Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned. • If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. • For improved and residual weed control in dormant established (at least t-year-old) alfalfa, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Do not apply tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than t-year-old. • Always refer to metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. California • If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher rate.
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than t-year-old: Region B See table at end of Alfalfa section	annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds California: Desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtall, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment. Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage. Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting. A reduction In first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches. Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application. Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates. Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application. Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application. Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa
ALFALFA (For use only in the following states: ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY) Desiccation of alfalfa to aid harvesting alfalfa seed THIS PRODUCT/ Regione Tank Mix	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-25 gals. A ir: 5-10 gals.	See Precautions	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not harvest until at least 4 days after application. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 ft., or by air within 75 ft. of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds. Use only on fields in production of alfalfa seed. Do not use on fields producing alfalfa for livestock feed. Do not use any portion of the treated field for human or animal feed, including seed, seed screenings, hay forage, or stubble. Do not cut current year's treated alfalfa seed crops. Do not use treated alfalfa seed for sprouting. Tag all alfalfa seed treated with THIS PRODUCT/Reglone tank mix at processing plants with, "NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION". The grower is responsible for nolifying the processing plants of any seed crop treated with THIS PRODUCT/Reglone tank mix. Remove ALL THIS PRODUCT/Reglone tank mix.

ALFALFA: New Seedlings – Suppr on and control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in no alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (California only).

	Rate/Acre*				
For Control of:	For Suppression	For Control			
Annual Bluegrass		10.7 – 21.3 fl. oz.			
Chickweed		10,7 - 21.3 fl. oz.			
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4 – 10.7 fl. oz.	21,3 fl. oz.			
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)		10.7 – 21,3 fl. oz.			
Shepherdspurse	10.7 – 21.3 fl. oz.				
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5,4 fl. oz,	10.7 - 16.0 fl. oz.			
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches tall or less)	5.4 – 10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.			

^{*} Use the 5.4 ft. oz. rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; use the 10.7 ft. oz. rate only when alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or use rates over 10.7 ft. oz. only when there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

ALFALFA-REGIONS

Alaska, California (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Slerra and Nevada), Colorado, Conneclicut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming

⊰eglon A

Region B Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawali, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0,8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage. When spraying around young trees, use a shield or wrap plant. Do not graze treated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground. Retreatment or spot trealments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-100 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed 8 pts. per season. Applications must be made at least 7 days apart. Do not harvest within 24 hours of last application.
ASPARAGUS	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
ASPARAGUS Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old.	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	6	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
BEANS, DRY Not for use in Callfornia Sweet lupin White sweet lupin White lupin Grain lupin Adzuki beans Asparagus beans Black beans Broad beans	Harvest-Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt.f100 gals, o spray mix. Use a single application of the higher rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth. May also be applied as a split application and may improve vine coverage. However, do not make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.

Crop	Use Pattern	PK JUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Totai Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Field beans Garbanzo beans Kidney beans Labiab beens Moth beans Mung beans Pinto beans Rice beans Tepary beans Urd beans Guar PEAS, DRY Not for use in California Blackeyed peas Chickpeas Cowpeas Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang	Harvest-Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans ere green. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included. Not registered for use in dry beans and dry pees in California.
BERRIES Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Post- emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.		Do not make more than 5 applications per year. New canes or shoots can be injured. Therefore, apply before their emergence. To prevent crop injury from spray mist, apply as a coarse spray.
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pls.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Apply when weeds are succutent and growth is from 1-6". Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, lategerminating weeds and grasses and for perennials. Use a shield for young trees to prevent sprays from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS (Puerto Rico only)	Shielded Post Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90	 Cassavas and Taniers: Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Yams: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Make applications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1-6". Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

General information for Chemical Fallow

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with THIS PRODUCT. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum bumdown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying THIS PRODUCT, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide for rates

of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- · Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per ecre by ground application. When applying at less than 10 GPA by ground: Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph. Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi. Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre. By air: apply in 5-10 gallons of spray mix per 40.

Grop	Use Pattern	THIL . RODUCT	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CHEMICAL FALLOW Continuous Wheat (2-3 month recropping interval)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6"; 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply at least 45 days before seeding. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Fall applied after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pls. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Spray before weeds produce seeds. Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September. For improved burndown and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide, or Command® Herbicide. For improved burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF). Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied: seeded 3-5 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains. Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts, of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow". For burn down and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone). Always refer to the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexone) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop¹-Wheat Rotations (Fall applied in wheat stubble)	Broad cast	Weeds 1-3"; 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6"; 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6"; 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds produce seed. If grasses such as foxtails or bamyardgrass recover, respray before seed production. Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".

FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop¹) This product to planting an annual crop¹ This product to general linformation for Chemical Fallow". Refer to the Atrazine label for directions for the product to the product to planting an annual crop¹ This product to general Information for Chemical Fallow". Refer to the Atrazine label for directions for the product the product to planting an annual crop¹ This product to the product to the product the produ	Crop	Use Pattern	THIL RODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual	Broadcast	1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6":	•		For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for Atrazine for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least t.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow". Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pertaining to soil pH and recrop-

¹Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch. Dormant Season On established plantings: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section. On established	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, lansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1,3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting. Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2'. Do not harvest wilhin 60 days of application. CAUTION: Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of ap-
plantings: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	California – Use for desic- catlon of weeds includ-	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air. 5 gals.	60	plication. • Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application. • If there is severe weed infesta-
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A See table at end of Alfalfa section.	ing bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherd-spurse, chick-weed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	tion, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. In California: If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sow thistle or groundsel are present use higher rate.
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1- year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air. 5 gals.	60	

Crop	Use Pattern	S PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	AdditIonal Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn. To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
CORN Tank mixes for no-till/reduced till	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals,*	 -	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2, 4-D Ester (Low Volatile), Hamess®, Hamess® Xtra, AAtrex®/Atrazine, Lasso® Herbicide, Banvel®, Linex®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Lorox®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Princep®, Dual MAGNUM, Prowl® Herbicide, Frontier®, Simazine, Guardsman®, Surpass®, EC Harmony®, Extra Herbicide Surpass, 100 (Preplant only) Topnotch®. THIS PRODUCT may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	Post- emergence Directed Spray (including Hooded or Shleided)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals,		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made when weeds are actively growing. Use a higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts corn plants. For Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Use a hooded or shielded Sprayers: Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxicity. Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. For Directed Spray Without Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Com height is measured from soil surface to top of whorl. Apply when corn is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of corn stalks. Corn plants shorter than 10" may be injured and not recover. For corn more than 20" tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks. Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed. However, corn will recover and develop normally.

Crop	Use Pattern	S PRUDUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEEO CORN	Harvest Aid Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than one application per year. Make ONE (1) epplication at least 7 days prior to harvest. Apply after the corn is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consult your local agricultural authority for help in identifying the black layer. Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active ingredient at 0.25% v/v. To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18", use 1.3 pts. Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kilf, and desiccation may not be complete.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	Post -emergence Directed Spray USDA Witch- weed Eradication Program	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage) 2, 4-D Amine AE Tank Mix	Post- emergence Directed Spray USDA Witch- weed Eredication Program	5.4 fl. oz. + 0.5 lbs. 2, 4-D Amine AE	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. If regrowth occurs, reapply. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply prior to, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.
COTTON (California only; Used alone)	Preplant	5.4-10.7 fr. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
COTTON Goal® Herbicide Tank Mix	Preplant or Fallow Bed Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, and directions for use, limitalions, and restrictions.
COTTON Other Tank Mixes	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For improved residual control or burndown, THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Caparol® Herbicide, Cotoran® Herbicide, Cotton-Pro® Herbicide, Diuron, Dual MAGNUM®, Harmony® Extra (Preplant Only), Meturon® Herbicide, MSMA, Prowl®, Zorlal® Herbicide. When tank mixing with Cotoran® DF or Meturon® DF, follow mixing instructions carefully, maintain constant agitation, and see Order of Tank Mixing section in respective labels. When tank mixing with any of the herbicides listed above, always refer to respective product label (s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

COTTON HARVEST AID USE RESTF JONS

- Do not make more than 4 applications pc___ar.
- · Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.
- Do not apply to cotton within 3 days before harvest.
- Repeat application if necassary. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A as a harvest aid.
- May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- THIS PRODUCT can be plied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate® insective Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, diractions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Nodes above cracked bolts (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOUTHERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phos- phate and chlo- rate defoliants).	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + 1 pt. phosphate or 1 gal. chlorate	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN COTTON Additional tank mixes for boll opening and de- foliation	Broadcast	2.1-3.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 4 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate® Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Dropp® Defoliant, Ethephon® Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR. Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN COTTON Post Defoliation — To aid in opening of mature bolls and to desiccate green weeds.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground; 10 gals. Air; 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. If weed infestation is heavy or dense, use higher rate. Apply whan 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvasted are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking.
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and early defoliation	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate; and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. On rank cotton, use highar rate. Do not use more than 5.4 ft. oz. of THIS PRODUCT for early defoliation as excessive desication may occur. Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Do not use more than 4.0 lbs. of actual sodium chlorate defollant per acre at this early defoliation timing. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS RODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and mid-to-late defo- liation	Broadcast	5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	_	3 (Alone)	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of THIS PRODUCT in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton. Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Stripper or Spindle Harvested Harvest aid for defoliation and boll opening.	Broadcast	2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRON-MENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK OF COTTON TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. Apply when 75% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY. THIS PRODUCT may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant, Def Defollant, Dropp Defoliant, Ethephone Plant Growth Regulator, Folex Defoliant, Harvade Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep PGR. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. To avoid leaf sticking, apply THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7-14 days before harvest. Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner. South of Interstate — 10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONOITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A. Apply when 85% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity. South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made. May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
COTTON Desiccation of regrowth	Broadcast	0.75-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications par year. Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation. Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary. Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete. If regrowth is excessive, use higher rate.
EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Preemergance	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gais.	_	Do not exceed two applications per year.
FALLOW LANO Prior to planting of any crops.	Preplant Broadcast to Fallow Land	1.0-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year during the fallow period. Fallow tand may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes. Usa for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for suppression of perennial weeds or sedges. For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6", the higher rate may be used. No more than 2 applications should be made during the fallow period. Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use. Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops etsewhere on this label.
GRASSES (For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)	Preplant, at Planting, or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate. Apply THIS PRODUCT when weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage. Applications may be repeated as necessary (but only up to 3 applications per year) prior to grass emergence. Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding.
GUAR (Preharvest desiccation)	Preharvest	1,3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	4	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply after the pods are fully mature. Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.
GUAVA	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage. Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS RODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
HOPS (IO, OR, & WA only)	Directed Spray and/or Suckering and Stripping.	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, foliage, flowers, or cones as injury may result. Do not allow animals to graze in treated hopyards. Silage and hop vine refuse may be fed to livestock. Spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines for sucking and stripping. Repeat as necessary, but only up to 3 applications per season. Experience with varieties other than Cascade, Yakima Cluster, and Bullion Is limited. If using THIS PRODUCT on other varieties than these, test the use pattern on a small number of vines of each variety to determine sensitivity to injury. Do not use on unlisted varieties if unacceptable crop injury occurs. Chemical Pruning: Spray when vines are less than 3 ft. tall to burn back existing vines and obtain even emergence of subsequent vines. APPLICATION TO HOP VINES LESS THAN 6 FT. TALL MAY CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE INJURY.
LENTILS NOT REGISTERED FOR USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA.	Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts,	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 7 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Add nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals) of the finished spray volume. May also be applied as a spllt application. DO NOT make more than 2 applications or exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A. The split application may improve coverage. Apply when crop Is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 30% of the leaves still green in color. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce spray drift a drift control agent may be included.
MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)	Dormant Season	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For suppression of weeds such as groundsel, chickweed, downy brome, bluegrass, Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce. Apply when crop is dormant before spring growth begins and when weeds are less than 6" tall. Do not apply more than 2.0 pts./A per dormant season. May be tank mixed with Sinbar® Herbicide (terbacil) weed killer for improved contact activity and residual control of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce and groundsel. Apply this tank mixture no more than once per season. Always refer to Sinbar (terbacil) label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
ONIONS (seeded) AND GARLIC	Preplant/ Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60 200 (CA only)	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. For heavy weed infestations or wild oat control use the higher rate. Apply only one application per season at the 2.7 pts./A dosage. Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence. Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per season.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PASSION FRUIT	Directed Spray	2.5 ρts.	Ground: 10 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. If bark is still green at application time, use a shield or wrap vine. Pick all fruit off the ground prior to application if application is to be made during harvest season. Do not allow animals to graze on treated areas. It may be necessary to retreat or spot treat.
PEANUTS	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemer- gence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. To control or suppress small (1-6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds in peanuts at ground crack. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. For at ground crack use, THIS PRODUCT can be tank mixed with Pursuit® Herbloide or Dual MAGNUM for residual weed control. Always refer to the Pursuit or Dual Magnum label for a list of weeds controlled, epplication rates, necessary precautions, and use limitations. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Basagran® Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Tank mix THIS PRODUCT with Basagran at 1 pt./A. for improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed and prickly sida. This tank mix can be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a tolal of more than to.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Always refer to the Basagran label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide Ireatment, do not apply this tank mix as injury may be enhanced andlor prolonged. During prolonged periods of drought or unseasonably cold weather do not apply this tank mix as unsatisfactory weed control may result. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod and momingglory, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with 8-16 oz. (0.125-0.25 lbs.) per acre of Butyrac or Butoxone 200. Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the Jorm of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally. (Continued)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Totai Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank MIX	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4~10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		Always refer to the Butyrac or Butoxone 200 labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply by air.
PrGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliage. Do not make more than 1 application per season. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.
PINEAPPLE	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	20	Do not exceed 3 applications per season. More mature weeds may require retreatment.
РОТАТО	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.
POTATO (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only; used alone)	Preplant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air; 5 ga(s.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
POTATO Fresh Market Only Preharvest vine killing and weed desiccation. For Use Only in the states of: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	3	For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use.) • DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year. • DO NOT use on potatoes that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result. • Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and processed or consumed immediately. • DO NOT apply to drought stressed potato vines. • DO NOT use to desiccate the vines of seed potatoes as seed pieces may fail to germinate and grow normally. • DO NOT pasture livestock in treated potato fields. • DO NOT exceed 2.6 pts /A per season. • Begin application when feaves begin to turn yellow. • Immature potato foliage is tolerant to THIS PRODUCT. However, desiccation will not be complete under this condition. • Use 1.3 pts./A rate where quick vine kill is desired. • For dense vine growth, use 2 applications of 0.6 pt/A. Split applications must be applied a minimum of five days apart.
RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1,3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher rates and spray volumes. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. This product will not control weeds and grasses emerging after application. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1,3-1,7 pts, Weeds 3-6"; 1,7-2.0 pts, Weeds 6": 2-2,7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		THIS PRDDUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy and/or wet weather delays speed of kill, do not flood/flush until complete kill is evident.
SAFFLDWER	Preplant or Preemer- gence Broadcast or Banded Dver Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply before, during or after planting but before crop emergence.
SAFFLDWER (California only)	Preplant Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
SMALL GRAINS (Bar- ley, wheat)	Prepiant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
SMALL GRAINS (Wheat Dnly) Hoelon® 3EC Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds t-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. A tank mix with Hoelon 3 EC will improve grass control. Apply when weeds are actively growing and 1-6" in height. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled. Do not apply this tank mix to barley as crop injury may result. Always refer to the Hoelon 3EC label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SDRGHUM (Grain)	Preplant/ Preemergence Broadcast or Band	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting as possible Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
SDRGHUM (Grain) Atrazine & 2, and 4-D ester [Low Volatile] Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3"; 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6"; 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6"; 2-2.7 pts.		48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRDDUCT may be tank mixed with Atrazine for improved preemergence or residual weed control. The addition of 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may assist in the suppression of perennial and annual broadleaf weeds emerged at the time of application. Always refer to the specific product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SDRGHUM (Grain) Harmony® Extra Herblcide Tank Mix	Preplant	1.3-2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved weed control, THIS PRDDUCT may be tank mixed with Harmony Extra. Always refer to the Harmony Extra label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Сгор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SORGHUM (Grain)	Post-emergence Directed (Including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts sorghum plants. Do not exceed 2 postemergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. THIS PRODUCT per season. HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height. Apply by directing spray between the rows and by using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HODDED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS Apply when sorghum is at least 12" tall when naturally standing. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Use precision directed-spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the application spray. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.
SOYBEANS	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Oo not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per season. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved bumdown or residual control: 2,4-OB Lorox Canopy Lorox Plus Prowl Dual MAGNUM Goal Pursuit Herbicide Harmony Extra Scepter Herbidice (Preplant Only) Sencor Herbicide Lasso Surflan® Herbicide Linex The rate of this product to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. Where weed canopy is dense or under dry conditions, use the highest rate of THIS PRODUCT, Always refer to the respective product label(s) for a list of weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations and restrictions. The lower application rate may be used when weeds are less than 4" tall and a selective postemergence spray or cultivation will be made within 3 weeks after planting. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soit disturbance. Do not graze or harvest for lorage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod).

Crop SOYBEANS 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix	Use Pattern Preplant or Preemergence	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions • Do not make more than 3 applications per year. • Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lbs. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting. • Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lbs. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting. • Do not apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield. • Do not use amine formulation as THIS PRODUCT activity may be reduced. • May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above.
SOYBEANS	Post-emergence	3.0-5.3 fl. oz.	Ground:		 Always refer to the 2, 4-D ester (Low Votatite) label for weeds controlled, rates of application, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not make more than 3 applications per
	Directed Spray (includes Hooded or Shielded)		10 gals.		 Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use the lower rate of THIS PRODUCT for control of seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, Brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2" tall. For control of 2-4" red rice, Brachiaria, bamyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT for control of 2-3" slcklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed. Apply THIS PRODUCT at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2, 4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. Always refer to the 2, 4-D label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay. If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later. HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Use higher rate on larger (less than 6") or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants. Directed sprayers Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8" tall. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the soybean plant is contacted by the application spray. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of application and spraying conditions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SDYBEANS	Harvest Ald	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 20 gats, Air: 5 gats.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Indeterminant varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, ½ of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing. Injury will occur on immature soybeans. Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants, are tolerant to THIS PRODUCT and desiccation will not be complete. Always use the higher rate when treating cocklebur. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.
STRAWBER- RIES	Post-emergence Directed S pray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	21	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result. Do not apply more than 3 times per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
SUGAR BEETS	Preplant or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Ai r: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher label rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disjurbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.
SUGARCANE	Post- emergence Directed Spray (included Hooded or Shielded)				General Comments Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year. Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction. If necessary, a second and final application can be made when new weed growth is 2-6" high. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.
-Florida-		1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small. Do not apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.
-Hawaii-		1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply after cane rows have closed in.
-Louis ia na-		0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals,	30	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than 18" high. For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth, use the higher rate. (Continued)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) SUGARCANE -Florida & Texas-	Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Under cool, cloudy weather conditions use higher rate. Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.
SUNFLOWER	Preplant or Pre- emergence Broad- cast or Banded Over Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply bafore, during, or after planting but before crop amergence.
SUNFLOWER	Preharvest Desiccation Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	G round: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.
TARD, DRYLAND (Hawaii Only)	Post-emergence Directed S pray	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	180	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact the tare plants as injury may result. Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high. Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled. A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland tare within 6 months of the last application.
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT Deciduous and Conifers	Preplant Broadcast	1.3-2.7 pts,	Ground: 20 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum emergence of weeds prepare ground early. Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate. For improved bumdown or residual control, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with other herbicides labeled for this use. Always refer to the specific tank mix herbicide label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply in less than 20 gals./A as weed control will be reduced.
TREES AND VINES Orchards, Vineyards, Windbreak, Shade & Omamental Trees: Acerola Apples Apricots Avocados Bananas Beechnut Brazil nut Butternut Calamondin Cashew Chemies Chestnut Citrus Citrus Citron	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Cherries 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectarines 28 Olives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shells split. Do not allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruit or foliage. Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines. Do not graze treated areas. Do not graze treated areas. Do not apply when figs, nuts or olives to be harvested are on the ground. For apricots – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For cherries – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Coffee Figs Filberts Grapefruit Grapes Hickory nut Kiwi fruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Macadamia nuts Mandarin Nectarines Olives Orange (sour & sweet) Papayas Peaches Pears Pistachios Plums Prunes Pummelo Salsuma mandarin Walnuts Other shade and ornamental trees such as arborvitae, ash, elm, fir, oak, pine etc.	Directed Sprey	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Chernies 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectannes 28 Otives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 For figs – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 5 postemer-gence directed applications per season. For grapes – Treat when sucker growth is no more than 8" long. Late season epplications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable foliage. For klwi fruit – Do not treat more than 3 times per year. For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, tate germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. For nectartnes – Do not hervest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For otives – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 4 postemergence directed applications per season. For peaches – Do not harvest within 14 days after application, and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For pistachios – Do not exceed 2 applications after shelts split. For ptums – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.
TREES AND VINES Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other Tank Mix labels	Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shell split. This product may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Devrinof® Herbicide Goal® Karmex® Krovar® Herbicide Princep® Sinbar® Solicam® Herbicide Surflan® Always refer to other herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
TYFON (New Hampshire only)	Preplant Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance. Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled. Crop plants emerged at time of application with be injured.
VEGETABLES (Seeded or Transptanted) Beans (Lima, Snap) Broccoti	Preplant Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals,		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence. (Continued)

Cauliflower Chayote friit Chinese cabbage and carbage	Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
Feppers 10 gals. 10 gals	Cabbage Cantaloupe Carrots Cauliflower Chayote fruit Chinese cabbage Chinese waxgourd Citron melon Collards Cucumber Eggplant Gherkin Gourd, Edible Groundcherry Lettuce Momordica spp. Musk melons Peas Pepino Peppers Pumpkin Squash Sweet Corn Tomatillo Turnips Tomatoes		1.3-2.7 pts.	10 gals.		can be made before, during or after planting but prior to the crop emergence. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. THIS PRODUCT can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal®. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after
Tomatoes 120 gals. 120 gals. 120 gals. year. Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A). Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution). To ensure maximum herbicide bumdown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered. THIS PRODUCT may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used. To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently. Do NOT apply more than a total of 3 ibs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season. To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce the spray droplets (mist). VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon, Air: 5 gals. 4 pals. Po not make more than 2 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.	Eggplant Tomatoes	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.		Name of the state	year. • For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment. • Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure. Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. • Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6". • Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. • Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas. • Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after
(California, year. Washington, Oregon, Idaho only) Gals. year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.		After Final Harvest	1.6-2.5 pts.			 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb, a.i./A). Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution). To ensure maximum herbicide bumdown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered. THIS PRODUCT may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used. To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently. DO NOT apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season. To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce the spray
the state of the s		Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Lettuce Melon Sugar Beets VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only) Tomatoes	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-	Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application,
VEGETABLES Rhubarb	Dormant ,	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not exceed 2 applications per year. Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.

RESIN SOAKING

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

Tree Selection – Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of THIS PRODUCT is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan treatments of THIS PRODUCT in stagnated or commercial timber stands, not sooner than three years after a commercial thinning. Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted of THIS PRODUCT to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a standard or rotary bark hack or a chain-saw shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1-inch wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. Do not exceed 1/3 of the circumference of the tree. Serious glrdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can result if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 ml) solution of THIS PRODUCT (1-5% cation, wt./wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xylem, and a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3 ml of 2 or 4% solution of THIS PRODUCT will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60 or 120 mg per streak.

Time of Treatment: Less severe pine beetle infestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments

made any time of the year.

Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of THIS PRODUCT and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is from 12-24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or senous pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resln soaking, may occur. Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for THIS PRODUCT (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)					
Concentrations of Cation Desired (wt./wt. basis)	Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Gallon of THIS PRODUCT				
0.2%	118.8				
0.5%	46.8				
1.0%	22.9				
2.0%	10.9				
3.0%	6.9				
4.0%	4.9				
5.0%	3.7				

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL SET-ASIDE, CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS (For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set- aside programs)	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control. Always refer to tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
NONCROP USES	Broadcast or Spot Treatment	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	Repeat applications as necessary but do not make more than 10 applications per year. To be used in noncrop areas including public airports, electric transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and other installations, and fence lines. Avoid spray contact with the foliage of ornamentals or desired plants.

Crop	Use Pattern	HIS FRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PASTURE RESEEDING For suppression of existing sod and undesirable emerged broadleaf weeds and grasses prior to or at time of planting grasses or forage legumes	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	See specific geographic recommendation	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains Apply in October through December after first fall rains and after weeds have emerged and sod has started new growth. Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for best seeding results. Do not use in heavy sod and weed growth areas. East of Rocky Mountains Use the 1.3 pts. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass. Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes. Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment. Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass Sods Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3" in height. For control of emerged little barley, apply in February or March before the mid-boot stage of little barley. Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures Apply when bermudagrass is dormant. For control of little barley, apply before the mld-boot stage. Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.
For control of endophyte- fungus-infected fescue forage legume/grass mixture and other grass pastures	Broadcast (S plit Application)	0.7-1.3 pts. followed by 0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Use split applications of 10-21 days apart if necessary. Do not exceed 2.6 pts./A total in preparation for reseeding. For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be made the previous fall. Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4" high. To reduce the infestation of endophyte-Infested grass, do not allow fescue to go to seed starting with the preceding year's crop.
* For prickly pear desiccation in pastures * Not for use in California	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed foliage		 Do not make more lhan 10 applications per year. Hand-held equipment such as knapsacks, backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, and hand-wands, can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage. Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT and 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water.
* For prickly pear desiccation in pastures * Not for use in California	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed follage		 Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray. Apply in May through September for best desiccation results. Do not use more than 1.6 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3° of height at time of treatment. Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of prickly pear. Always refer to the Grazon P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions

Crop	Use Pattern	HIS FRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
* For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to Prescribed burning of pastures * Not for use in California	Broadcast	t.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists. Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August). Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gal spray solution. Monitor juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after application of THIS PRODUCT. Significant soil molsture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for juniper crown burns. Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions. Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.
* Native Pastures * Not tor use in California	Broadcast	1.0- t.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Aír: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply THIS PRODUCT for control of downy and Japanese brome. Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom. Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season. Do not apply more than 1.25 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.

AMOU	Conversion Table AMOUNT OF THIS PRODUCT to Be Applied							
Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i.	Acres/Gallon					
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3					
4.8	0.30	0.tt	26.7					
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2					
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2					
t0.00	0.63	0.23	12.8					
11.00	0.69	0.26	1t.6					
11.20	0.70	0.26	1t.4					
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7					
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0					
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4					
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2					
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3					
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6					
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0					
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2					
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0					

STORAGE AND D



Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containars, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by usa according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

Do not reuse container as container is not safe for food, feed or drinking water!

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; 5 gallons or greater): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Containers:

burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable container. Refill this container with this product only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

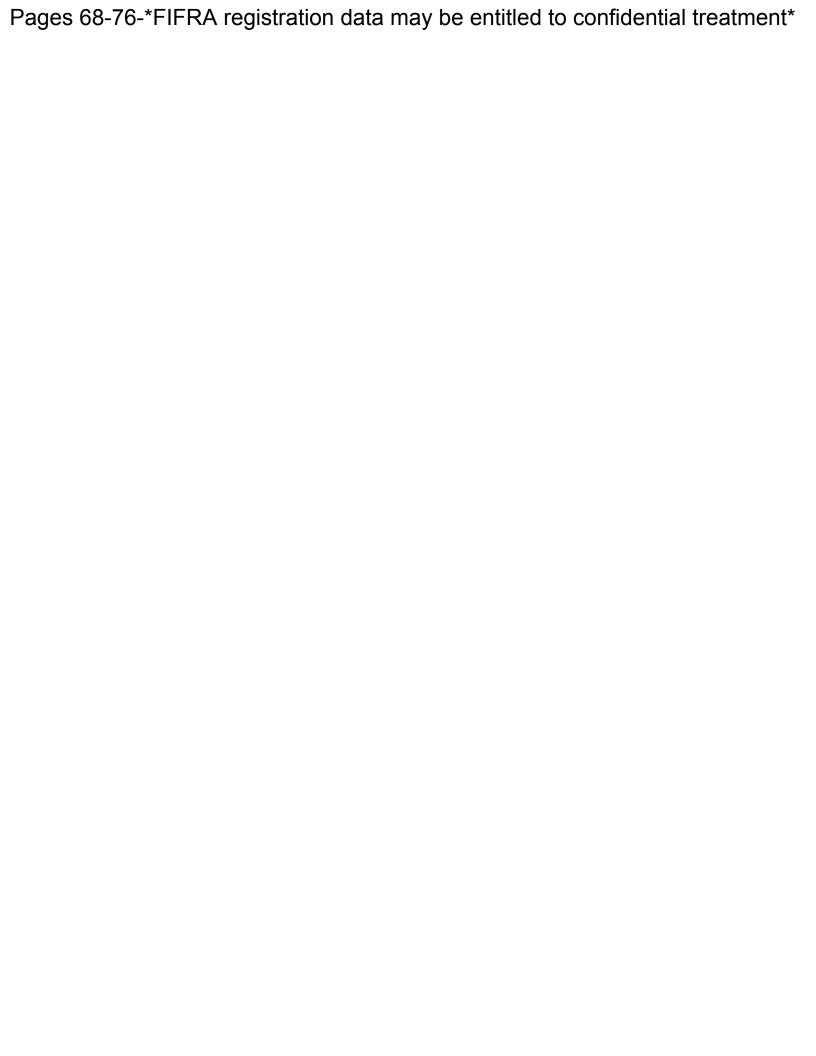
WARRANTY STATT LENT

important notice— ler warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions and instructions under normal conditions of use; but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

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Manutactured By:
Source Dynamics, LLC

10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdate, AZ 85262



DP BARCODE No.: <u>D370894</u> File Symbol No.: <u>82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaquat</u>

DATE OUT: 26 / JAN / 2009

SUBJECT: FEE.PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA

PRODUCT NAME: Dynaquat

COMPANY: Source Dynamics, LLC

FOOD USE [X] NON-FOOD USE [] INTEGRATED FORMULATION [X]

8Bur 126110

PCC: 061601; Decision No. 420491 ACTION CODE: R301

FROM: Shyam Mathur,

Product Chemistry Team Leader Technical Review Branch/RD (7505P)

Hope Johnson / James Tompkins, PM 25

Herbicide Branch / RD (7505P)

INTRODUCTION:

TO:

The registrant has submitted a "Me-Too" application for the registration of a new end use product "Dynaquat". The registrant has claimed that the proposed product is substantially similar to the registered product with Reg. No. 66222-130. The registrant has provided product chemistry data corresponding to 830 series group A and group B data with MRID Nos. 478472-01. The registrant has also submitted a CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) and the product label. Additional product chemistry for the guideline 830.1700 (preliminary analysis) was submitted on January 12, 2010 with MRID No. 479584-01. TRB has been asked to determine whether the product is substantially similar to the cited product and also determine whether the data submitted will support the registration application for the proposed product.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- 1. The proposed end-use product contains paraquat dichloride as the active ingredient with label claim nominal concentration of 43.2%. The active ingredient paraquat dichloride was produced in three step integrated process and was further formulated (without isolation) into the end use product by the addition of the required inert ingredient.
- 2. The proposed CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) is filled out correctly and completely. The nominal concentration of the active ingredient concurs with the product label claim nominal concentration. The CSF is in compliance with PR Notice 91-2. All the inert ingredients present in the formulations have been approved by the Agency (IIAB) for the proposed uses. The standard certified limits have been proposed for the active ingredient and the inert ingredients which are in compliance with the standard certified limit table set-forth in 40CFR§158.350(b)(2). The data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1550 (product identity & composition) and 830.1750 satisfy the product chemistry data requirements of 40CFR§158.320 and §158.350 respectively [MRID No. 478472-01].
- 3. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1600 (description of material used to produce the product), 830.1620 (description of production process), 830.1650 (description of formulation process) and 830.1670 (discussion on the formation of impurity) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR §158.325, §158.330, §158.335 and §158.340 respectively [MRID No. 478472-01].

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaguat

4. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to the guideline 830.1700 (preliminary analysis) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.345. The registrant has provided the five batch analysis for the unregistered active ingredient paraquat dichloride and five batch analysis to determine the active ingredient content in the formulated product [MRID No. 479584-01].

- 5. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guideline 830.1800 (enforcement analytical method) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.355. The contents of the active ingredient were determined by using HPLC-UV with external standard quantification method and UV detector operating at 257 nm. The method employed a Waters Symmetry column, 4.6 x 100 mm x 3.5 μ m particle size. The method was validated for linearity, precision and accuracy [MRID No. 478472-01].
- 6. The data submitted corresponding to guidelines **S**eries group B (physical-chemical properties) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.310(e). However, no data was submitted for the guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics).

CONCLUSIONS:

The TRB has reviewed the product chemistry data submitted for the proposed end-use product and has concluded that:

- 1. The proposed CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) is acceptable.
- 2. The data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1600 (description of materials used to produce the product), 830.1620 (description of production process), 830.1650 (description of formulation process), 830.1670 (discussion on the formation of impurity), 830.1700 (preliminary analysis) and 830.1800 (enforcement analytical method) are acceptable.
- 3. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to 830 series group B (physical-chemical properties) for the proposed end use product are acceptable, except for the guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics).
- 4. The registrant must generate data corresponding to guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics) for a period of one year under warehouse conditions using commercial container. It is recommended that the observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, & 12 months of intervals.
- 5. The proposed product "Dynaquat" was determined to be substantially similar in chemical composition and physical-chemical properties to the cited product with Reg. No. 66222-130 from the product chemistry point of view.

Note to PM: Five batch analysis has been provided for the AI paraquat dichloride produced insitu. Additional five batch analysis has been provided on January 12, 2010 for the formulated product quantifying the active ingredient paraquat dichloride in the end-use product (MRID No. has to be assigned). The MRID No. 47958401 has been assigned to this study.

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaguat

Product chemistry data (830 Series group A)

Subgroup A	<u>Oata Required</u> Fulfilled	MRID No.
830,1550, Chemical Identity (basic CSF)	Α	10-21-09
830.1600, Beginning Materials	A	478472-01
830.1620. Production process (for AI)	A	478472-01
830.1650. Formulation Process	Α	
830,1670. Discussion of Impurities	A	478472-01
830.1700. Preliminary Analysis* for Al	А	478472-01
830.1700. Preliminary Analysis for AI in formulated product	Α	479584-01
830.1750. Certified Limits (basic CSF)	A	10-21-09
830.1800. Enforcement Analytical Method	Α	478472-01

^{*} Five batch analysis has been provided for the AI paraquat dichloride produced in-situ. Additional five batch analysis has been provided on January 12, 2010 for the formulated product quantifying the active ingredient paraquat dichloride in the end-use product.

DP BARCODE No.: <u>D370894</u> File Symbol No.: <u>82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaquat</u>

830 Series group B data (Physical-chemical properties): (MRID No. 478472-01)

The following group B data for the product are acceptable.

Color	Dark blue green to green
(830.6302)	
Physical state (830.6303)	Liquid
	
Odor (830.6304)	Strong pungent odor (due to stench agent added to product)
3.5-12	N. a 12. Als. Dada Als. vid.
Melting point (830.7200)	Not applicable. Product liquid at room temperature and below.
	Paraquat dichloride decomposes at approximately 340°C.
Boiling poiot (830,7220)	Greater than 100°C
Density (830.7300)	Approximately 1.149 g/mL @ 20°C
Solubility (830.7840)	Product is water based and would be miscible with additional water.
` .	For Paraquat cation (99.5%) @ 20°C:
	Water: @ pH 5.2: 618 g/L
	@ pH 7.2: 620 g/L @ pH 9.2: 620 g/L
	Methanol: 143 g/L
	Acetone: <0.1 g/L
	Dichloromethane: <0.1 g/L Ethyl acetate: <0.1 g/L
	Toluene: <0.1 g/L Hexane: <0.1 g/L
	<u></u>
Vapor pressure (830.7950)	For Paraquat cation: <0.1 mPa (25°C)
Dissociation constant	Paraquat ion does not dissociate.
(830.7370)	

DP BARCODE No.: <u>D370894</u> File Symbol No.: <u>82542-EA PRODUCT NAME</u>: <u>Dynaguat</u>

Octanol/ water partition coefficient (830.7570)	For Paraquat cation: K _{OW} = 4.5 @ 20°C
pH (830.7000)	3.8
Stability (830,6313)	Stable indefinitely at under normal storage temperatures. Little potential for reactivity at normal temperatures and pressure. Polymerization is not known to occur,
Oxidizing/ reducing reaction (830.6314)	Not an oxidizing nor reducing agent.
Flammability (830.6315)	Non-flammable. Flash point above 200°F
Explodability (830.6316)	Not explosive. Molecular structure does not contain bond groupings that would confer explosive properties.

MRID NO. 479584-01



RE: Paraquat 82542-EA: Product Chemistry Robert Hawk to: Shyam Mathur

Cc: Hope Johnson

0t/12/2010 11:31 PM

Dear Dr. Mathur,

My apologies; the attachment was not attached.

Regards.

Robert Hawk

From: Robert Hawk [mailto:zaphawk@aol.com]
Sent: Tuesday, January 12, 2010 4:57 PM
To: Mathur.Shyam@epamail.epa.gov
Cc: Johnson.Hope@epamail.epa.gov

Subject: Paraquat 82542-EA: Product Chemistry

Dear Dr. Mathur,

Thank you for your advice yesterday to Stanley Bernard and myself. A report of the data you requested is attached. Copies of the report will be shipped to the Document Processing Desk immediately. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Regards.

Robert Hawk Source Dynamics LLC

Tel. 928-342-3489 Paraquat 82542-EA 100112.pdf





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

January 21, 2010

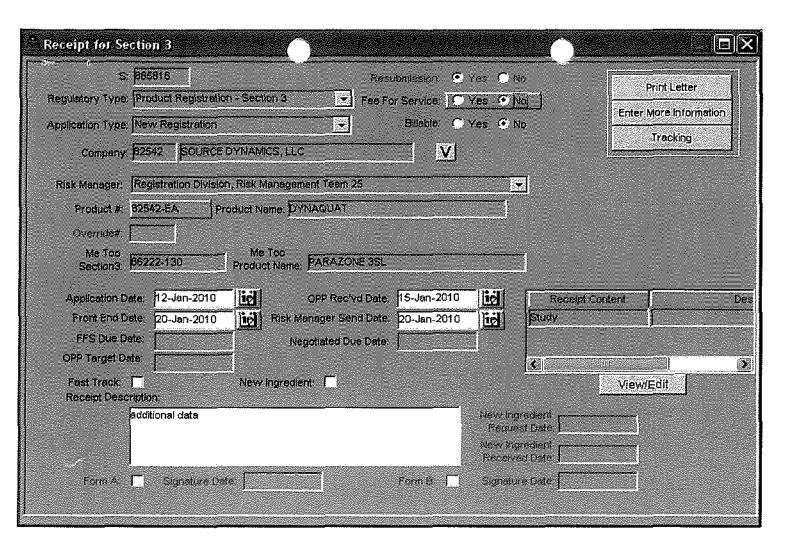
OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC 10039 E. TROON NORTH DRIVE SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85262-

Report of Analysis for Compliance with PR Notice 86-5

Thank you for your submittal of 15-JAN-10. Our staff has completed a preliminary analysis of the material. The results are provided as follows:

Your submittal was found to be in full compliance with the standards for submission of data contained in PR Notice 86-5. A copy of your bibliography is enclosed, annotated with Master Record ID's (MRIDs) assigned to each document submitted. Please use these numbers in all future references to these documents. Thank you for your cooperation. If you have any questions concerning this data submission, please raise them with the cognizant Product Manager, to whom the data have been released.





Document Processing Desk Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Attn: Hope A. Johnson (PM Team 25), Herbicide Branch, Registration Division

Subject: Source Dynamics DYNAQUAT (Paraquat): 82542-EA: Additional Data

Dear Ms. Johnson:

Source Dynamics LLC wishes to submit additional data in support of this registration application. This information was requested by Dr. Shyam Mathur.

Please find enclosed the following documents:

Application for Pesticide Registration (8570-1)
Supporting study (3 copies, with Data Transmittal Document)

Sincerely,

Rufus Bastian

President, Source Dynamics LLC

Rufus Baskan

rbastian@solerasd.com



DATA TRANSMITTAL DOCUMENT

Name and Address of Submitter Source Dynamics LLC 10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Regulatory Action in Support of Which This Package is Submitted

Application for Pesticide Registration: Dynaquat (containing paraquat): 85242-EA: Additional Supporting Data

Transmittal Date January 12, 2010

List of Submitted Studies

47958401

S. Bernard, "Dynaquat (Containing Paraquat): Product Identification, Preliminary Analysis and Certification of Limits," Report No. SDC1001 (January 12, 2010), 9 pages, OPPTS Series 830.1550, 830.1700 and 830.1750

Company Official: Company Name: Company Contact: Rufus Bastian Signature: Source Dynamics LLC Rufus Bastian, President

telephone (480) 502-9289

Refer Booker

Administrative Materials

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4. Typad Name

Rufus Bastian

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

United States

	Registration Amendment
١	Amendmen ¹

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060.

OPP Identifier Number

Approval expires 2-28

SEPA	Environmental Protect Washington, DC:		Amendment × Other	
	Applica	tion for Pesticide - Se	ction I	
1. Company/Product Nun 82542-EA	nbar	2. EPA Product Ma J. Tompkins	enager 3.	
4. Company/Product (Nat Dynaguat	no)	PM# 25		
Source Dynamics LLC 10039 E. Troon North Scottsdale, AZ 85262	Drive	(b)(i), my produc	t is similar or identical in 82542-3 Paraguat Concentrate	
		Section - II		
Amendment - Exp Resubmission in re Notification - Expl	esponse to Agancy letter dated	Agency is "Me Too"	ted labels in repsonse to ster dated Application. xplain below,	
	······································	Section - III	Philipping	Miles in the second of the sec
1. Material This Product \(\) Child-Resistant Packaging \(\) Yes \(\) No \(\) * Certification must \(\) be submitted		Water Soluble Packaging Yes Text No If "Yas" No. pa Packaga wgt contair	2. Type of Contain Meta Plast Glass Pepe Othe	l ic i
3. Location of Net Conten	ts Information 4. Size(s)	Reteil Container	5. Location of Lebal Dirac	* 9 * 2
6. Manner in Which Label	is Affixed to Product Lith	nograph Oti per glued notifed	(a)	* 2* 5* 7* 7* 2* 5* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6*
		Section - IV	333534	tal stic usa per per (Specify) ractions companing product this application.) phone Na. (Include Area Code -502-9250)
1. Contact Point (Comple	te items directly below for identifica	ntion of individual to be contacted	d, if necessary, to process t	his epplicetion.)
Name Rufus Bastian		Title President	i ·	
	itements I have made on this form e any knowlinglly felse or misleeding			3 3 Peceived
2. Signature Rufe	a Backa	3. Title President		

January 13, 2010

5. Dete

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaguat

DATE OUT: 19 / JAN / 2009

SUBJECT: FEE.PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA

PRODUCT NAME: Dynaguat

COMPANY: Source Dynamics, LLC

FOOD USE [X] NON-FOOD USE [] INTEGRATED FORMULATION [X]

PCC: 061601; Decision No. 420491 ACTION CODE: R301

FROM: Shyam Mathur,

Product Chemistry Team Leader

Technical Review Branch/RD (7505P)

TO:

Hope Johnson / James Tompkins, PM 25

Herbicide Branch / RD (7505P)

INTRODUCTION:

The registrant has submitted a "Me-Too" application for the registration of a new end use product "Dynaquat". The registrant has claimed that the proposed product is substantially similar to the registered product with Reg. No. 66222-130. The registrant has provided product chemistry data corresponding to 830 series group A and group B data with MRID Nos. 478472-01. The registrant has also submitted a CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) and the product label. TRB has been asked to determine whether the product is substantially similar to the cited product and also determine whether the data submitted will support the registration application for the proposed product.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- 1. The proposed end-use product contains paraquat dichloride as the active ingredient with label claim nominal concentration of 43.2%. The active ingredient paraquat dichloride was produced in three step integrated process and was further formulated (without isolation) into the end use product by the addition of the required inert ingredient.
- 2. The proposed CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) is filled out correctly and completely. The nominal concentration of the active ingredient concurs with the product label claim nominal concentration. The CSF is in compliance with PR Notice 91-2. All the inert ingredients present in the formulations have been approved by the Agency (IIAB) for the proposed uses. The standard certified limits have been proposed for the active ingredient and the inert ingredients which are in compliance with the standard certified limit table set-forth in 40CFR§158.350(b)(2). The data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1550 (product identity & composition) and 830.1750 satisfy the product chemistry data requirements of 40CFR§158.320 and §158.350 respectively [MRID No. 478472-01].
- 3. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1600 (description of material used to produce the product), 830.1620 (description of production process), 830.1650 (description of formulation process) and 830.1670 (discussion on the formation of impurity) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR §158.325, §158.330, §158.335 and §158.340 respectively [MRID No. 478472-01].

COPS

DP BARCODE No.: <u>D370894</u> File Symbol No.: <u>82542-EA PRODUCT NAME</u>: <u>Dynaquat</u>

- 4. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to the guideline 830.1700 (preliminary analysis) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.345. The registrant has provided the five batch analysis for the unregistered active ingredient paraquat dichloride and five batch analysis to determine the active ingredient content in the formulated product.
- 5. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guideline 830.1800 (enforcement analytical method) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.355. The contents of the active ingredient were determined by using HPLC-UV with external standard quantification method and UV detector operating at 257 nm. The method employed a Waters Symmetry column, 4.6 x 100 mm x 3.5 µm particle size. The method was validated for linearity, precision and accuracy [MRID No. 478472-01].
- 6. The data submitted corresponding to guidelines Series group B (physical-chemical properties) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.310(e). However, no data was submitted for the guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics).

CONCLUSIONS:

The TRB has reviewed the product chemistry data submitted for the proposed end-use product and has concluded that:

- 1. The proposed CSF for basic formulation (dated 10-21-09) is acceptable.
- 2. The data submitted corresponding to guidelines 830.1600 (description of materials used to produce the product), 830.1620 (description of production process), 830.1650 (description of formulation process), 830.1670 (discussion on the formation of impurity), 830.1700 (preliminary analysis) and 830.1800 (enforcement analytical method) are acceptable.
- 3. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to 830 series group B (physical-chemical properties) for the proposed end use product are acceptable, except for the guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics).
- 4. The registrant must generate data corresponding to guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics) for a period of one year under warehouse conditions using commercial container. It is recommended that the observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, & 12 months of intervals.
- 5. The proposed product "Dynaguat" was determined to be substantially similar in chemical composition and physical-chemical properties to the cited product with Reg. No. 66222-130 from the product chemistry point of view.

<u>Note to PM</u>: Five batch analysis has been provided for the Al paraquat dichloride produced insitu. Additional five batch analysis has been provided on January 12, 2010 for the formulated product quantifying the active ingredient paraquat dichloride in the end-use product (MRID No. has to be assigned). Please get the MRID Number for this study.

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaquat

Product chemistry data (830 Series group A)

Subgroup A	<u>Data Required</u> <u>Fulfilled</u>	MRID No.
830.1550. Chemical Identity (basic CSF)	Α	10-21-09
830.1600. Beginning Materials	A	478472-01
830.1620. Production process (for Al)	A	478472-01
830.1650. Formulation Process	A	
830.1670. Discussion of impurities	A	478472-01
830.1700. Preliminary Analysís* for Al	A	478472-01
830.1700. Preliminary Analysis for AI in formulated product	A	MRID No. to be assigned
830.1750. Certified Limits (basic CSF)	A	10-21-09
830.1800, Enforcement Analytical Method	A	478472-01

^{*} Five batch analysis has been provided for the AI paraquat dichloride produced in-situ. Additional five batch analysis has been provided on January 12, 2010 for the formulated product quantifying the active ingredient paraquat dichloride in the end-use product (MRID No. has to be assigned)

DP BARCODE No.: <u>D370894</u> File Symbol No.: <u>82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaquat</u>

830 Series group B data (Physical-chemical properties): (MRID No. 478472-01)

The following group B data for the product are acceptable.

	ark blue green to green	Color (830.6302)
	······································	
	quid	Physical state (830.6303)
	rong pungent odor (due to stench agent added to product)	Odor (830.6304)
		
	ot applicable. Product liquid at room temperature and below.	Melting point
	eraquat dichloride decomposes at approximately 340°C.	(830.7200)
		, <u></u>
	reater than 100°C	Boiling point (830.7220)
		······································
	pproximately I,149 g/mL @ 20°C	Density (830.7300)
		, F. C.
	oduct is water based and would be miscible with additional water.	Solubility (830.7840)
	or Paragnat cation (99.5%) @ 20°C:	(-2-31/2-15)
	Water: @ pH 5.2: 618 g/L	
	@ pH 7.2: 620 g/L @ pH 9.2: 620 g/L	
	Methanol: 143 g/L Acetone: <0.1 g/L	
	Dichloromethane: <0.1 g/L	
	Ethyl acetate: <0.1 g/L	
	Toluenc: <0.1 g/L Hexane: <0.1 g/L	
<u> </u>		:
·····		·
	or Paraquat cation: <0.1 mPa (25°C)	Vapor pressure (830.7950)
	rraquat ion does not dissociate.	Dissociation constant (830.7370)
		(830.7950) Dissociation

DP BARCODE No.: D370894 File Symbol No.: 82542-EA PRODUCT NAME: Dynaguat

Octanol/ water partition coefficient (830.7570)	For Paraquat cation: Kow = 4.5 @ 20°C
pH (830,7000)	3.8
Stability (830.6313)	Stable indefinitely at under normal storage temperatures. Little potential for reactivity at normal temperatures and pressure. Polymerization is not known to occur.
Oxidizing/ reducing reaction (830.6314)	Not an oxidizing nor reducing agent.
Flammability (830.6315)	Non-flammable. Flash point above 200°F
Explodability (830.6316)	Not explosive. Molecular structure does not contain bond groupings that would confer explosive properties.



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES
AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Harly

ALTERNATIVE RISK INTEGRATION AND ASSESSMENT (ARIA) TEAM SIMILARITY CLINIC DETERMINATION

December 17, 2009

MEMORANDUM

Subject: Name of Pesticide Product: Dynaquat

EPA File Symbol: 82542-EA
DP Barcode: D370895
Decision No.: 420491
Action Cpde: R301

PC Code: 061601 Paraguat dichloride

From: Breann Hanson, Biologist SHanson /2/17/09

ARIA Team

Risk Integration Minor Use and Emergency Response Branch

(RIMUERB)/Registration Division (RD) (7505P)

Through: Masih Hashim, Team Leader – Toxicology

Technical Review Branch

RD; 7505P

To: Hope Johnson, RM Team 25

Herbicide Branch

RD; 7505P

Applicant: Source Dynamics, LLC

10039 E Troon North Drive

Scottsdale, AZ 85262

FORMULATION FROM LABEL:

Active Ingredient: % by wt 061601 Paraquat dichloride CAS No. 1910-42-5 43.2

Other Ingredients: 56.8

Total: 100.0%

ACTION REQUESTED: The Risk Manager requests: "The registrant has submitted a new application for a me-too product with 66222-130. They have submitted their own product chemistry, and are citing the acute toxicology from 66222-130. Please [review] citations for acceptability and product substantial similarity. Thanks..."

BACKGROUND: Source Dynamics, LLC (herein the "registrant") has applied for registration of Dynaquat, EPA File Symbol: 82542-EA, claiming that data used to support a Makhteshim Agan product, Parazone 3 SL, EPA Reg. No. 66222-130, can be bridged to this product. Both the proposed and cited products are labeled for desiccant/defoliant use on weeds, grasses and as a harvest aid. The submission includes the labels and CSFs for the proposed and cited products, data matrix, letter from the registrant and application.

EPA Reg. No. 66222-130, was registered based on a substantial similarity claim to another product, Gramoxone Max, EPA Reg. No. 100-1074 (DP#: 330112, B. Hanson, 7/11/2006). A review of submitted acute toxicity studies for 100-1074 could not be located in the Agency database.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. This reviewer has evaluated the formulations of the proposed product, EPA File Symbol: 82542-EA, and the cited product, EPA Reg. No. 66222-130, and has found that they are toxicologically substantially similar. In addition, the proposed use sites and labeling are substantially similar. The signal word is DANGER based on the accepted label of the cited product, 66222-130. This reviewer would have no objection if the proposed product, EPA File Symbol: 82542-EA, has the same precautionary labeling and first aid statements as EPA File Symbol: 66222-130.
- 2. This memorandum pertains only to the decision concerning whether the subject product is substantially similar to the cited product from an acute toxicological view point. For the purpose of this action, the reviewer has made no determination as to the adequacy of the acute toxicological data base or the precautionary statements for the cited product.
- 3. The CSF for the proposed product (dated 10/21/2009) has been cleared by the TRB Product Chemistry Team.

Form Approved OMB No. 2070-0060



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	ĐA	TA MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009 Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Troon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 - EA Product DYNAQUAT		Page 1 of 5
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note
Genenic Data:					
Cite all	Cite all	Cite all	Source Dynamics	Own	
			Syngenia Crop Protection	Pay	
			The Scotts Company	Pay	
			Monsanto Company	Pay	
			Crystal Chemical Company	Pay	
			Dow Agrosciences	Pay	
			Makhteshim Agan of North America	Pay	
			EDM Industries Inc	Pay	
			Sinon Corp	Pay	
			Helm Agro U.S. Inc	Pay	
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	9 4 C n.n. 9	ක ල කළ උපලව	Sinon USA Inc	Pay	
			Celsius Property B.V.	Pay	
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Signature //					Date
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Form Approved OM8 No. 2070-0060



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		DATA	MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009				EPA Reg No./Fite Symbot 82542 - EA	Page 2 of 5	
Applicant's/Repistrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Troop North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262			Product DYNAQUAT			
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride						
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name		MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note
				Outdoor Residential Exposure Task Force	Per	
				Agriculturat Reentry Task Force	Per	
				FIFRA Endangered Spacies Task Force	Per	
				Residential Exposure Joint Venture	Per	
				Agriculturat Handlers Exposure Task Force	Per	
				Generic Endangered Species Task Force	Per	
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Agency Internal Use Copy

Farm Approved DMB No. 2070-0060



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	DATA	MATRIX			
Date Oclober 21, 2009		EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 - EA		Page 3 of 5	
Aoplicant's/Registrant's Name & Add Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Ta	dress oon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262		Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraqual Dichlonde					
Guideline Reference Number	Guidelfne Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note
-	•	-	-	-	
	-	*		-	
-		-			
*	-	-	-	<u> </u>	
Product Specific Data:					
830.1550	Product identity and composition	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1600	Description of malerials used to produce the product	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1620	Description of production process	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1670	Discussion of impurities	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1700	Preliminary analysis	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1750	Certified limits	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1800	Enforcement analytical method	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6302	Colar	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6303	Physical state	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6304	Odor and and a	°4784%203 3	Source Dynamics	Own	
Signature // 5		A 8 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Name and Title //A-so Stoyic Managing Afterovite	Nomber	Date 10/21/2009

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	DATA	MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009		EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542- EA		Page 4 of 5	
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Trron North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262			Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraquat Dichlonde		······································			
Guidetine Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRtD Number	Submitter	Status	Note
830.6313	Stability to normal and elevated temperatures, metals and metal lons	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6314	Oxidizing/reducing action	47847201	Source Dynamics	O₩n	
830.6315	Flammability	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6316	Explodability	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7000	pH	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7050	UV/Visible absorption	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7200	Melting point/melting range	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.7300	Density/Relative density/Builk density	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.7370	Dissociation constant	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.7570	Partition coefficient	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.7840	Water solubility	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,7950	Vapor pressure	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330,6317	Storage stability	4ምሮ 4 ን201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.6318	Viscosity	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
330.6319	Miscibility 2000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	°47847,200	Source Dynamics	Own	
Signature	15/	n n n n n	Name and Title VASO Stosic Manasino Agendo	Marsher	Date 10/21/2009

Form Approved OMB No. 2070-0060



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		DATA MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009			EPA Reg No./File Symbot 82542 - 6	EA	Page 5 of 5
Aoplicant's/Registrant's Name & Ar Source Dynamtcs, LLC, 10039 E	ddress Froon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262		Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride					
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRtD Number	Submitter	Status	Note
-	-			~	
830.6320	Corrosion characteristics	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6321	Dielectric voltage breakdown	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7050	UV/Visible Absorption	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7220	Boiling point	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
Acute Toxicity Data:					
870.1100	Acute orat	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.1200	Acute dermal	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.1300	Acute inhalation	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.2400	Primary eye imitation	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870,2500	Primary dermal irritation	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.2600	Dermal sensitization "ag"	°	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
	20 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0				
Signature //	2 2 2 2	6 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Name and Title Ass Stoile Man	ging Member Agency Internal Use Cop	Date 10/21/2009

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Information Management Division (2137), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20460. Do not send the completed form to this address.					
Certification with Respect to Citation of Data					
Applicant's/Registrant's Name, Address, and Telephone Number Soure Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Troon North Drive, Scottscale, AZ 85262	EPA Registration Number/File Symbol 82542-EA				
Active Ingredient(s) and/or representative test compound(s) Paraquat Dichloride		Date Oclober 21, 2009			
General Use Pattern(s) (list_all those claimed for this product using 40 CFR Part_f58 Terrestrial food and non-food crops)	Product Name DYNAQUAT			
NOTE: If your product is a 100% repackaging of another purchased EPA-registers submit this form. You must submit the Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form		or all the same uses on your label, you do not need to			
I am responding to a Data-Call-In Notice, and have included with this form a be used for this purpose). Submission of application for new product reg	·	nt offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should			
SECTION I: METHOD OF DATA SUPP	ORT (Check one m	ethod only)			
I amមនាំng the cite-all method of support, and have included with this form a list of sompanies sent offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should be used for ពីរនៃ គ្និបិទpose).	under the	g the selective method of support (or cite-all option selective method), and have included with this form a d list of dala requirements (the Data Matrix form must be			
SECTION II: GENERAL	OFFER TO PAY				
Required if using the cite-all method or when using the cite-all option under the selection in the large of the cite and carried to the selection of the select					
SECTION III: CERT	IFICATION				
I certify that this application for registration, this form for reregistration, or this Data-Call-In response is supported by all data submitted or cited in the application for registration, the form for reregistration, or the Data-Call-In response. In addition, if the cite-all option or cite-all option under the selective method is indicated in Section I, this application is supported by all data In the Agency's files that (1) concern the properties or effects of this product or an identical or substantially similar product, or one or more of the ingredients in this product; and (2) is a type of data that would be required to be submitted under the data requirements in effect on the date of approval of this application if the application sought the Initial registration of a product of identical or similar composition and uses.					
I certify that for each exclusive use study cited in support of this registration the written permission of the original data submitter to cite that study,	or reregistration, tha	at I am the original data submitter or that I have obtained			
I certify that for each study cited in support of this registration or reregistration that is not an exclusive use study, either: (a) I am the original data submitter; (b) I have obtained the permission of the original data submitter to use the study in support of this application; (c) all periods of eligibility for compensation have expired for the study; (d) the study is in the public literature; or (e) I have notified in writing the company that submitted the study and have offered (l) to pay compensation to the extent required by sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA; and (li) to commence negotiations to determine the amount and terms of compensation, if any, to be paid for the use of the study.					
I certify that in all instances where an offer of compensation is required, copies of all offers to pay compensation and evidence of their delivery in accordance with sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA are available and will be submitted to the Agency upon request. Should I fail to produce such evidence to the Agency upon request, I understand that the Agency may initiate action to deny, cancel or suspend the registration of my product in conformity with FIFRA.					
i certify that the statements i have made on this form and all attachments to it are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowledge that any knowledg					
Signature Date Typed or Printed Name and Title Typed or Printed Name and Typed Or Printed Name and Title Typed or Printed Name and Typed Or Printed Nam					

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comments regarding burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden to: Director, OPPE information Management Division (2137), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20460. On the completed form to this address.						
Certification with Respect to Citation of Data						
Applicant's/Registrant's Name, Address, and Telephone Number EPA Registration Number/File Symbol 82542-EA						
Active Ingredient(s) and/or representative test compound(s) Paraquat Dichloride	tive Ingredient(s) and/or representative test compound(s) Date					
General Use Pattern(s) (list all those claimed for this product using 40 CFR Part 158) Terrestrial food and non-food crops		Product Name DYNAQUAT				
NOTE: If your product is a 100% repackaging of another purchased EPA-registere submit this form. You must submit the Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form		r all the same uses on your label, you do not need to				
I am responding to a Data-Call-In Notice, and have included with this form a libe used for this purpose). Submission of application for new product regions.	•	nt offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should				
SECTION I: METHOD OF DATA SUPP	ORT (Check one m	ethod only)				
I am using the cite-all method of support, and have included with this form a list of companies sent offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should be used for this purpose).	under the	the selective method of support (or cite-all option selective method), and have included with this form a list of data requirements (the Data Matrix form must be				
SECTION II: GENERAL C	FFER TO PAY					
[Required if using the cite-all method or when using the cite-all option under the select I hereby offer and agree to pay compensation, to other persons, with regard to		·				
SECTION III: CERTI	FICATION					
application for registration, the form for reregistration, or the Data-Call-In response. In indicated in Section I, this application is supported by all data in the Agency's files that substantially similar product, or one or more of the ingredients in this product; and (2) is	I certify that this application for registration, this form for reregistration, or this Data-Call-In response is supported by all data submitted or cited in the application for registration, the form for reregistration, or the Data-Call-In response. In addition, if the cite-all option or cite-all option under the selective method is indicated in Section I, this application is supported by all data in the Agency's files that (1) concern the properties or effects of this product or an identical or substantially similar product, or one or more of the ingredients in this product; and (2) is a type of data that would be required to be submitted under the data requirements in effect on the date of approval of this application if the application sought the initial registration of a product of identical or similar composition and uses.					
I certify that for each exclusive use study cited in support of this registration the written permission of the original data submitter to cite that study.	or reregistration, tha	at I am the original data submitter or that I have obtained				
I certify that for each study cited in support of this registration or reregistration that is not an exclusive use study, either: (a) I am the original data submitter; (b) I have obtained the permission of the original data submitter to use the study in support of this application; (c) all periods of eligibility for compensation have expired for the study; (d) the study is in the public literature; or (e) I have notified in writing the company that submitted the study and have offered (l) to pay compensation to the extent required by sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA; and (ii) to commence negotiations to determine the amount and terms of compensation, if any, to be paid for the use of the study.						
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i certify that the statements i have made on this form and all attachments to it are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.						
Date Typed or Printed Name and Title 10/21/2009 1/AsO Stoic Managing: Theinbur						

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		DATA MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009		EPA Reg No/File Symbol 82542 - EA		Page 1 of 5	
Aoplicant's/Registrant's Name & Ad Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E T	dress roon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262		Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride					
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submittar	Status	Note
Generic Data:					
Cite all	Cite all	Cile all	Source Dynamics	Оул	
			Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay	
			The Scotts Company	Pay	
			Monsanto Company	Pay	
			Crystal Chemical Company	Pay	
			Dow Agrosciancas	Pay	
			Makhteshim Agan of North America	Pay	
			EDM tridustries Inc	Pay	
			Sinon Corp	Pay	
			Helm Agro U.S. Inc	Pay	
			Griffin Corporation	Pay	
			Sinon USA Inc	Pay	
			Celsius Property B.V.	Pay	
			Spray Drift Task Force	Per	
Signature Name and Title VASS Stojic Hone sing Hember EPA Form 8570-35 (9-97) Electronic and Paper versions available. Submit only Paper version. Assency Internat Use Copy			Date t0/2t/2009		

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ate October 21, 2009 pplicant's/Registrant's Name & Address ource Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Troon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262 gredient Paraquat Dtchloride utdeline Reference Number Guideline Study Name MRID Number	EPA Reg No/File Symbol 82542 - EA Product DYNAQUAT Submitter Outdoor Residential Exposure Task Force Agricultural Reentry Task Force FIFRA Endangered Species Task Force Residential Exposure Joint Venture	Status Per Per Per	Page 2 of 5
gredient Paraquat Dtchloride	DYNAQUAT Submitter Outdoor Residential Exposure Task Force Agricultural Reentry Task Force FIFRA Endangered Species Task Force Residential Exposure Joint Venture	Per Per	Note
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	FIFRA Endangered Species Task Force Residential Exposure Joint Venture	Per	
	Residential Exposure Joint Venture		
		Per	
	Agricultural Handlers Exposure Task Force	Per	
	Generic Endangered Species Task Force Per		
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gnature	Name and Title VASO STOJIC Managing Agency in	Nam ha	Date 10/21/2009

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	DA	TA MATRIX				
Date October 21, 2009			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 - EA		Page 3 of 5	
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Ad Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E T	dress roon North Drive, Scottsdeie, AZ 85262		product DYNAQUAT			
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride						
Guideline Reference Number	Guldeline Study Name	MRtD Number	Submitter	Status	Note	
-	-	-		-		
-			-	-		
-	-	-	1-	-		
-	.	-		-		
Product Specific Data:						
830.1550	Product identity and composition	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.1600	Description of materials used to produce the product	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830. f620	Description of production process	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.1670	Discussion of impurities	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.1700	Preliminary analysis	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.1750	Certified limits	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.1800	Enforcement analytical method	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6302	Color	47847201	Source Dynamics	Dwn		
830,6303	Physical state	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
830,6304	Odor	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own		
Signature // S			Name and Title //Aso Stosic Managing	Nember	Date 10/21/2009	

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	עם	ATA MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009			EPA Reg No File Symbol 82542- EA		Page 4 of 5
Applicant's/Repistrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Trron North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262			Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride					
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Stalus	Note
830,6313	Stability to normal and elevated temperatures, metals and metal ions	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6314	Oxidizing/reducing action	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6315	Flammability	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,6316	Explodability	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7000	pH	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,7050	UV/Visible absorption	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,7200	Melling poin∜melling range	47847201	Source Oynamics	Own	
830,7300	Density/Retative density/Bulk density	47847201	Source Oynamics	Own	
830,7370	Dissociation constent	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.7570	Partition coefficient	47847201	Source Oynamics	Own	
830.7840	Water solubility	47847201	Source Oynamics	Own	
830.7950	Vapor pressure	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6317	Storage stability	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.8318	Viscosily	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.63 t9	Miscibility	47847201	Source Oynamics	Own	
Signature	V5/_		Name and Title VASO STOSIC Managing	Manher	Date 10/21/2009

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		DATA MATRIX			
Date October 21, 2009			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 - EA		Page 5 of 5
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & A Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E	Address Troon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262		Product DYNAQUAT		
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride					
Guideline Reference Number	Guldeline Study Name	MRtD Number	Submitter	Status	Note
-	•	-	-	-	
830.6320	Corrosion characteristics	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6321	Dielectric voltage breakdown	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,7050	UV/Visible Absorption	47847201	Source Dynamics	Own	
830,7220	Bolling point	47847201	Source Dynamics	Dwn	
Acute Toxicity Data:					
870.1100	Acute oral	Cite all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870,1200	Acute dermal	Cita all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.1300	Acute inhalation	Cita all	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870,2400	Primary eye irritation	Cite all	Makhtashim Agan	Pay	
870.2500	Primary dermal irritation	Cite atl	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
870.2600	Dermal sensitization	Cito ali	Makhteshim Agan	Pay	
·					
Signature			Name and Title	~ 1	Date 10/21/2009

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Please read instructions on reverse before compared by the United State Compared to the Uni	Reg	istration OPP Identifier Number endment er
Applic	ation for Pesticide - Section I	<u></u>
1. Company/Product Number 82542- A 4. Company/Product (Name)	2. EPA Product Menager Jim Tompkins PM#	3. Proposed Classification None ✓ Restricted
DYNAQUAT	25/Herbicide Branch	
S. Neme and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Source Dynamics, LLC 10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262 Check if this is a new address	•	
	Section - II	
Amondment - Explain below. Resubmission in rosponse to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional paga(s) if necessary. !For s Submission of a me-too registration application. Details are in	Other - Explain below.	psonse to
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged in:	Section - III	
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes ✓ No * Certification must be submitted Unit Packaging Ves ✓ No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	Yes Ver No. per	ype of Conteiner Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (Specify)
[√' Label	1, 2.5, 5, 10, 15, 30, 55 Gal; Bulk; Tote Or	of Lebel Diractions In the label
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product	ithograph Other Paper glued Stencilad	\$ 2 3
	Section - IV	9
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identif		, to process this application.)
Name	Titlo	** Telephone No. (låclude Area Code) (480) 502-9289
Cert 1 cortify that the statements I have made on this form 1 acknowledge that any knowlingly false or misleadir both under applicable law.		orumant or
2. Signature Pufwo Booker	3. Title PRESIDENT	1,1,1,1
4. Typed Name RUFUS BASTIAN	5. Date 8/14/09	117



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

September 10, 2009

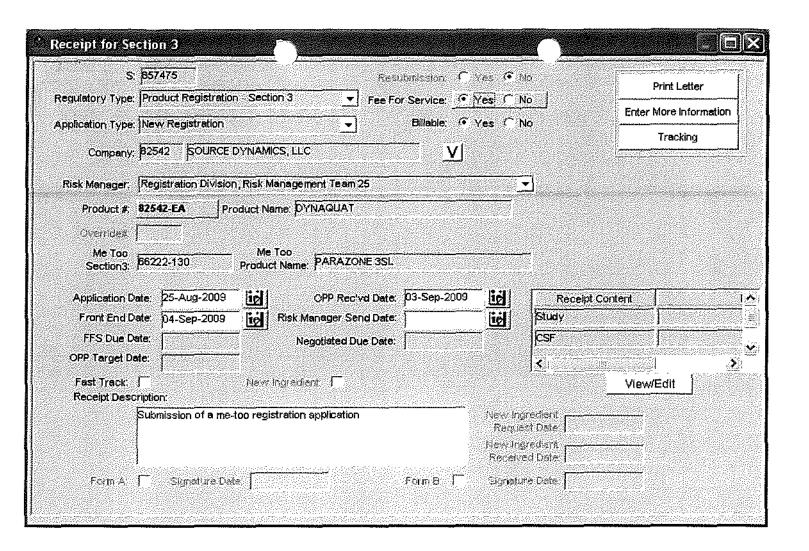
OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC 10039 E. TROON NORTH DRIVE SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85262-

Report of Analysis for Compliance with PR Notice 86-5

Thank you for your submittal of 03-SEP-09. Our staff has completed a preliminary analysis of the material. The results are provided as follows:

Your submittal was found to be in full compliance with the standards for submission of data contained in PR Notice 86-5. A copy of your bibliography is enclosed, annotated with Master Record ID's (MRIDs) assigned to each document submitted. Please use these numbers in all future references to these documents. Thank you for your cooperation. If you have any questions concerning this data submission, please raise them with the cognizant Product Manager, to whom the data have been released.





Audist 25, 2009

Document Processing Desk Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Attn: Hope A. Johnson (PM Team 25), Herbicide Branch, Registration Division

Subject: Source Dynamics Paraquat Concentrate: 82542-3: Replacement

Dear Ms. Johnson:

Thank you for your e-mail of August 20, 2009 regarding the registration of an alternate paraquat product. After reconsideration, Source Dynamics LLC proposes to replace the existing product with a new product as the basic registration. We do not propose to claim that the new product is substantially similar to our currently registered product. In fact, we wish to replace our product, which contains methanol, with one that does not. The new product can then be considered substantially similar to other registered products of the same concentration.

We are submitting here a registration application for the new product with the understanding that the Agency will invalidate the Confidential Statement of Formula of our current product when it approves the new product. The Confidential Statement of Formula for the new product would then be considered the basic CSF, and the same EPA Registration Number would be retained for the new product.

This would mean that for a short time, there would be two products in commerce with the same registration number but slightly different labels. Our inventory of the current product is quite low, however, and we do not expect this situation to exist for more than about three months.

For convenience, we have named the new product "Dynaquat" in order for reviewers to distinguish it from the current product.

Please find enclosed the following documents:

Application for Pesticide Registration (8570-1)
Confidential Statement of Formula (8570-4) (2 copies)
Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (8570-34)
Data Matrix (8570-35)
Proposed label (6 copies)
Supporting study (3 copies, with Data Transmittal Document)

We believe that this is a PRIA R301 action, for which we have arranged payment.

Sincerely,

Rufus Bastian

President, Source Dynamics LLC

Rufon Bastan

rbastian@solerasd.com

10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Fax 41.2502.9268



DATA TRANSMITTAL DOCUMENT

Name and Address of Submitter
South Dynamics LLC
10039 E. Troon North Drive
Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Regulatory Action in Support of Which This Package is Submitted

Application for Pesticide Registration: Dynaquat (containing paraquat): proposed 85242-3

Transmittal Date August 25, 2009

List of Submitted Studies

47847201

B. L. Tonkel, "Identity, Composition, Analysis, Physical and Chemical Characteristics of Dynaquat," Project No. 200917 (June 25, 2009), 35 pages, OPPTS Series 830: 1550, 1670, 1750, 1800, 6302, 6303, 6304, 7200, 7220, 7300, 7840, 7950, 7370, 7550, 7000, 6313, 6314, 6315, 6316, 6317, 6318, 6319, 6320, 6321 and 7050.

Rupes Busta

Company Official: Company Name: Company Contact: Rufus Bastian Signature: __ Source Dynamics LLC Rufus Bastian, President

telephone (480) 502-9289



Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson Vaso Stojic to: Rufus Bastian, Hope Johnson

10/21/2009 03:50 PM

Hello Hope

attached are scanned version of the hard copies I will overnight in an hour or so. I trust this satisfies the required changes, but please let me know if I need to do anything more.

Thank you again for all your help

Vaso Stojic Solera Source Dynamics 480-218-4289 928-580-2180 (cell) From: <Johnson.Hope@epamail.epa.gov> Sent: Monday, October 19, 2009 11:33 AM To: "Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com> Cc: "vstojic" <vstojic@solerasd.com> Subject: Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson > Mr. Bastian~ > I have found some issues with your data matrix and CSF included in the > application for EPA File Symbol Number 82542-EA. Please contact me > regarding this as soon as possible so that corrections can be made and > we can continue to process your application. > Hope A. Johnson > U.S. Environmental Protection Agency > Office of Pesticide Programs > Registration Division > Herbicide Branch > Phone: 703-305-5410 > Mail Code 7505P |----> From: "Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com> > > |-----

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|Linda Arrington/DC/USEPA/US@EPA
   "vstojic" <vstojic@solerasd.com>, Hope Johnson/DC/USEPA/US@EPA
   Date:
  |09/08/2009 12:15 PM
  Subject:
 Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson
> |
> Thank you Linda,
> I appreciate your help.
> Rufus
> ---- Original Message -----
> From: <Arrington.Linda@epamail.epa.gov>
> To: "Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com>
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> Cc: <Johnson.Hope@epamail.epa.gov>; "vstojic" <vstojic@solerasd.com>
> Sent: Tuesday, September 08, 2009 8:39 AM
> Subject: Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson
> Hi Rufus,
> I'm out of the office today so I'll have to check on this tomorrow.
> Linda
> ------
> Sent by EPA Wireless E-Mail Services.
> ---- Original Message -----
> From: "Rufus Bastian" [rbastian@solerasd.com]
> Sent: 09/07/2009 11:36 AM MST
> To: Linda Arrington
> Cc: Hope Johnson; <vstojic@solerasd.com>
> Subject: Fw: Paraquat: Hope Johnson
> > Dear Ms. Arrington,
>>
>> In a letter dated August 25, Source Dynamics LLC submitted a new
>> application
>> for a paraquat formulation. In the letter we stated that we
> considered
>> that
>> application to be a PRIA R301 action. However, per the following, we
> have
>> already paid the
>> PRIA fee for a R340 action. Is it possible to apply the fee already
> paid
>> to the action that we requested in our letter of August 25?
>>
>> Thank you for your advice.
>>
>> Regards,
    Rufus Bastian
>
     Source Dynamics, LLC
>
     480-502-9289
>
> > ---- Original Message -----
>> From: "Pesticide Registration Improvement Act"
>> <Pesticide_Registration@epamail.epa.gov>
>> To: <rbastian@solerasd.com>
>> Sent: Wednesday, July 15, 2009 9:27 AM
>> Subject: Amendment Subject to Registration Service Fee
>>
>>
>> July 15, 2009
>> OFFICE OF
>> PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
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>> TOXIC SUBSTANCES
>> PLEASE RETURN A COPY OF THIS LETTER WITH PAYMENT
>> OR PAY ON-LINE at www.Pay.Gov
                                   (See Below for Details)
>> OPP Decision Number:
                          D-416972
>> EPA File Symbol or Registration Number: 82542-3
>> Product Name: PARAQUAT CONCENTRATE
>> EPA Receipt Date: 14-Jul-2009
>> EPA Company Number: 82542
>> Company Name: SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC
>>
>> RUFUS BASTIAN
>> SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC
>> 10039 E. TROON NORTH DRIVE
>> SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85262~
>>
>>
>> SUBJECT: Receipt of Amendment Subject to Registration Service Fee
>>
>>
>> Dear Registrant:
>> The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application for
>> Amendment. If you submitted data with this application, the results
>> the PRN-86-5 screen will be communicated separately. During the
>> administrative screen, the Office of Pesticide Programs has determined
>> that this Action is subject to a Pesticide Registration Service Fee
>> defined in the Pesticide Registration Improvement Act.
>>
>> The Action has been identified as Action Code: R340
>>
>> NON-FAST-TRACK (INCLUDES CHANGES TO PRECAUTIONARY LABEL
>> STATEMENTS; SOURCE CHANGES TO AN UNREGISTERED SOURCE);
>>
>>
>> Please remit payment in the amount of: $1,806 ($3,444 fee minus $1,638
>> previously paid) to:
>>
>> By USPS:
   USEPA Washington Finance Center
   Pesticide Registration Service Fee
>> PO Box 979074
>> St. Louis, MO 63197
>> By Courier:
>> U.S. Bank
>> Government Lockbox 979074
   1005 Convention Plaza
>> SL-MO-C2-GL
>> St. Louis, MO 63197
   Tephone: (314) 418-4990
>>
>>
      All payments must be in United States currency by check, bank
>> draft, or money order drawn to the order of the Environmental
> Protection
>> Agency. To ensure proper credit, please write the OPP DECISION NUMBER
>> on your check, and enclose a copy of this letter with your payment.
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Effective November 1, 2006, fees may be paid on-line via credit
>> card or electronic fund transfer. To submit a payment on-line, visit
>> www.pay.gov. From the pay.gov home page, select "search by form
> name."
>> From the next page, select "P," then click on "Pesticide Registration
>> Improvement Act. Fee Payment" and complete the form, making certain to
>> use the decision number and registration number on the invoice you
>> receive from the Pesticide Program in the space provided.
>>
     You may be eligible for a partial waiver of the registration
>>
> service
>> fee if, for example, you qualify as a small business or are applying
>> a minor use, or if your application is soley associated with an IR-4
>> tolerance petition. Please be advised that if you intend to request a
>> waiver, you must do so in writing within 15 days of receipt of this
>> invoice instead of remitting the amount indicated above. OPP will not
>> consider waiver requests after the registration service fee has been
>> paid. Information regarding eligibility and how th request and
> document
>> a fee waiver is available on the OPP Fee for Service web site at
>> www.epa.gov/pesticides/fees.
>> Please send Registration Service Fee Waiver requests to:
>>
>> By USPS:
                                       By Courier:
>> Document Processing Desk (WAIVER)
                                       Document Processing Desk (WAIVER)
>> Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
> Pesticide
>> Programs (7504P)
>> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
                                                        U.S.
> Environmental
>> Protection Agency
>> 1200 Pennsylvania Ave NW
                                             Room S-4900 Potomac Yard
>> Washington, DC 20460
                                 2777 S. Crystal Dr.
                                      Arlington, VA
>>
>>
>>
>>
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>>
>>
>>
       A PRIA decision time review period will not start until a fee
>> waiver is granted and/or the Agency receives certification that the
>> outstanding fee has been paid. If the Agency does not receive
>> certification of payment for this action or a fee waiver request
> within
>> the next 30 days, the Agency will presume that you no longer want to
>> pursue this action. The Agency will then initiate a process that may
>> result in administrative withdrawal of this action.
>>
       If you have any questions, please contact the Pesticide
>> Registration Service Fee Ombudsman, at (703) 305-6249.
>>
                                                       Sincerely,
>>
>>
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>>



Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson 🖺 Hope Johnson to: Rufus Bastian Cc: "vstojic"

10/19/2009 02:33 PM

Mr. Bastian-

I have found some issues with your data matrix and CSF included in the application for EPA File Symbol Number 82542-EA. Please contact me regarding this as soon as possible so that corrections can be made and we can continue to process your application.

Hope A. Johnson U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division Herbicide Branch Phone: 703-305-5410 Mail Code 7505P

"Rufus Bastian"

Thank you Linda, Lappreciate your help. 09/08/2009 12:15:18 PM

From:

"Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com>

To:

Linda Arrington/DC/USEPA/US@EPA

Cc:

"vstojic" <vstojic@solerasd.com>, Hope Johnson/DC/USEPA/US@EPA

Date:

09/08/2009 12:15 PM

Subject: Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson

Thank you Linda,

I appreciate your help.

Rufus

---- Original Message -----

From: <Arrington.Linda@epamail.epa.gov> To: "Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com>

Cc: <Johnson.Hope@epamail.epa.gov>; "vstojic" <vstojic@solerasd.com>

Sent: Tuesday, September 08, 2009 8:39 AM

Subject: Re: Paraquat: Hope Johnson

Hi Rufus,

I'm out of the office today so I'll have to check on this tomorrow.

Linda

Sent by EPA Wireless E-Mail Services.

---- Original Message -----

From: "Rufus Bastian" [rbastian@solerasd.com]

Sent: 09/07/2009 11:36 AM MST

To: Linda Arrington

Cc: Hope Johnson; <vstojic@solerasd.com> Subject: Fw: Paraquat: Hope Johnson

```
> Dear Ms. Arrington,
> In a letter dated August 25, Source Dynamics LLC submitted a new
> application
> for a paraquat formulation. In the letter we stated that we considered
> application to be a PRIA R301 action. However, per the following, we have
> already paid the
> PRIA fee for a R340 action. Is it possible to apply the fee already paid
> to the action that we requested in our letter of August 25?
> Thank you for your advice.
> Regards,
    Rufus Bastian
    Source Dynamics, LLC
    480-502-9289
 > ---- Original Message -----
> From: "Pesticide Registration Improvement Act"
> <Pesticide_Registration@epamail.epa.gov>
> To: <rbastian@solerasd.com>
> Sent: Wednesday, July 15, 2009 9:27 AM
> Subject: Amendment Subject to Registration Service Fee
> July 15, 2009
> OFFICE OF
> PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
> TOXIC SUBSTANCES
> PLEASE RETURN A COPY OF THIS LETTER WITH PAYMENT
> OR PAY ON-LINE at www.Pay.Gov
                                 (See Below for Details)
> OPP Decision Number:
                        D-416972
> EPA File Symbol or Registration Number: 82542-3
> Product Name: PARAQUAT CONCENTRATE
> EPA Receipt Date: 14-Jul-2009
> EPA Company Number: 82542
> Company Name: SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC
> RUFUS BASTIAN
> SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC
> 10039 E. TROON NORTH DRIVE
> SCOTTSDALE, AZ
                  85262-
> SUBJECT: Receipt of Amendment Subject to Registration Service Fee
> Dear Registrant:
> The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application for
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> Amendment. If you submitted data with this application, the results of
> the PRN-86-5 screen will be communicated separately. During the
> administrative screen, the Office of Pesticide Programs has determined
> that this Action is subject to a Pesticide Registration Service Fee as
> defined in the Pesticide Registration Improvement Act.
> The Action has been identified as Action Code: R340
> NON-FAST-TRACK (INCLUDES CHANGES TO PRECAUTIONARY LABEL
> STATEMENTS; SOURCE CHANGES TO AN UNREGISTERED SOURCE);
> Please remit payment in the amount of: $1,806 ($3,444 fee minus $1,638
> previously paid) to:
> By USPS:
  USEPA Washington Finance Center
  Pesticide Registration Service Fee
  PO Box 979074
  St. Louis, MO 63197
> By Courier:
> U.S. Bank
> Government Lockbox 979074
  1005 Convention Plaza
> SL-MO-C2-GL
  St. Louis, MO 63197
   Tephone: (314) 418-4990
      All payments must be in United States currency by check, bank
> draft, or money order drawn to the order of the Environmental Protection
> Agency. To ensure proper credit, please write the OPP DECISION NUMBER
> on your check, and enclose a copy of this letter with your payment.
      Effective November 1, 2006, fees may be paid on-line via credit
> card or electronic fund transfer. To submit a payment on-line, visit
> www.pay.gov. From the pay.gov home page, select "search by form name."
> From the next page, select "P," then click on "Pesticide Registration
> Improvement Act. Fee Payment" and complete the form, making certain to
> use the decision number and registration number on the invoice you
> receive from the Pesticide Program in the space provided.
    You may be eligible for a partial waiver of the registration service
> fee if, for example, you qualify as a small business or are applying for
> a minor use, or if your application is soley associated with an IR-4
> tolerance petition. Please be advised that if you intend to request a
> waiver, you must do so in writing within 15 days of receipt of this
> invoice instead of remitting the amount indicated above. OPP will not
> consider waiver requests after the registration service fee has been
> paid. Information regarding eligibility and how th request and document
> a fee waiver is available on the OPP Fee for Service web site at
> www.epa.gov/pesticides/fees.
> Please send Registration Service Fee Waiver requests to:
> By USPS:
                                      By Courier:
                                      Document Processing Desk (WAIVER)
> Document Processing Desk (WAIVER)
> Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
                                                       Office of Pesticide
> Programs (7504P)
```

U.S. Environmental > U.S. Environmental Protection Agency > Protection Agency > 1200 Pennsylvania Ave NW Room S-4900 Potomac Yard > Washington, DC 20460 2777 S. Crystal Dr. Arlington, VA > > > A PRIA decision time review period will not start until a fee > waiver is granted and/or the Agency receives certification that the > outstanding fee has been paid. If the Agency does not receive > certification of payment for this action or a fee waiver request within > the next 30 days, the Agency will presume that you no longer want to > pursue this action. The Agency will then initiate a process that may > result in administrative withdrawal of this action. If you have any questions, please contact the Pesticide > Registration Service Fee Ombudsman, at (703) 305-6249. Sincerely, Front End Processing > Staff Information > Technology & Resources Management Division >

harty on Daga 90/1/02

21-Day Screen Completed by Contractor

21-Day Expires on 10-13-09

Jacket # <u>82542 - EA</u>
MRID# <u>478472</u>

Content Screen: Recommended to Pass/Fail

86-5 Review: Passed/Failed/NA

Transfer This Jacket to:

LINDA ARRINGTON

PRIA 2 – 21 Day Content Screen Review Worksheet (EPA/OPP Use Only) Start Date: 9-22-09

Expe	rts In-Processing Signature: MF Hanning Tor Date 9-2 sion management contacted on issues No YesD					
EPA I	Reg. Number: 82542 - EA EPA Receipt Date: 9	- 23	2-0	9		
	Items for Review	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	Yes	No	N/A*
1	Application Form (EPA Form 8570-1)(link to form) signed & con including package type	·	X			
2	Confidential Statement of Formula all boxes completed, form signated (EPA Form 8570-4) (Link to form) a) All inerts (link to http://www.epa.gov/opprd001/inerts/),	nd no	X			
	including fragrances, approved for the proposed uses (see Footnote A)	X	农	-		
3	Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-form) completed and signed (N/A if 100% repack)	nk to	X			
	Certificate and data matrix consistent		×			
	If applicant is relying on data that are compensable, is the offer to pay statement included. (see Footnote B)	no				
	If applicable, is there a letter of Authorization for exclusive use on					
4	Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27) (Link completed and signed (N/A if source is unregistered or applicant of technical)			X		
	Data Matrix (EPA Form 8570-35) (Link to form) both internal an copies (PR 98-5) (Link to PR 98-5) completed and signed (N/A if repack)		nal	X		
5	a) Selective Method (Fee category experts use)	по			A STATE OF THE STA	
	b) Cite-All (Fee category experts use)					
	c) Applicant owns all data (Fee category experts use)					
6	5 Copies of Label (link to http://www.epa.gov/oppfead1/labelin (Electronic labels on CD are encouraged and guidance is availahttp://www.epa.gov/pesticides/regulating/registering/submissions/index.h)	ible)(li	ink to	X		

7	Is the data package consistent with PR Notice 86-5 (link to PRN 86-5)	X	
8	Notice of Filing (link to http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/regulating/tolerance_petitions.htm) included with petitions (link to http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/regulating/tolerances.htm)		λ
9	If applicable for conventional applications, reduced risk rationale (link to http://www.epa.gov/opprd001/workplan/reducedrisk.html)		X
	Required Data (link to http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/regulating/data-requirements.htm) and/or data waivers. See Footnote C.	···	
	a) List study (or studies) not included with application		
10			

Comments: 1/2 9/24

D Studies associated w/ jacket have passed 86-5 review

has not been approved for food use (A corrected version of CSF has been sent in)

D Passed 2nd Review for inerts

MRID 478472

* N/A - Not Applicable

Footnotes

A. During the 21 day initial content review, all CSFs will be reviewed to determine whether all inerts listed, including fragrances, are approved for the proposed uses. If an unapproved inert is identified, the applicant must either 1) resolve the inert issue by, for example, removing the inert, substituting it with an approved inert, submitting documentation that EPA approved the inert for the proposed pesticidal uses, correcting mistakes on the CSF, etc. or 2) provide the data to support OPP approval of the inert or 3) withdraw the application. Removing or substituting an inert ingredient will require a new CSF and may require submission of data. All information, forms, data and documentation resolving the inert issue must have been received by the Agency or the application withdrawn within the 21 day period, otherwise, the Agency will reject the application as described below.

To successfully complete this aspect of the 21 day initial content screen, applicants are strongly encouraged to verify that all inert ingredients have been approved for the application's uses even if a product is currently registered by consulting the inert Web

site [link to http://www.epa.gov/opprd001/inerts/lists.html] and if the inert is not approved, to obtain the necessary inert approval prior to submitting an application to register a pesticide product containing that inert ingredient. Some inert ingredients are no longer approved for food uses or certain types of uses. The name and/or CAS number on a CSF must match the name and CAS number on this web site. Simple typographical errors in the name or CAS number have resulted in processing delays.

If an inert is not listed on the inert ingredient web site and the applicant believes that the inert has been approved, the applicant should contact the Inert Ingredient Assessment Branch (IIAB) at inertsbranch@epa.gov and resolve the issue. Copies of the correspondence with IIAB resolving the issue should accompany the application. All new inerts except PIP inerts are reviewed by IIAB. The IIAB should also be contacted for any questions on what supporting data needs to be submitted for and the Agency's inert review process. Questions on PIP inerts should be directed to the Chief of Microbial Pesticides Branch [Link to

http://www.epa.gov/oppbppd1/biopesticides/contacts_bppd.htm].

When a brand, trade, or proprietary name of an inert ingredient is listed on a CSF, additional information such as an alternate name of the inert, CAS number or other information [link to http://www.epa.gov/opprd001/inerts/tips.pdf] must also be included to enable the Agency to determine if it has been approved. Each component of an inert mixture (including a fragrance) must be identified. In some cases, the supplier of the mixture or fragrance may need to provide this information to the Agency. Prior to the Agency's receipt of an application, applicants must arrange with a proprietary mixture or fragrance supplier to provide the component information to the Agency or promptly upon EPA's request. If the inert ingredients in a proprietary blend (including fragrances) cannot or are not identified or provided within the 21-day content review period, the Agency will reject the application.

During the 21 day content review, applicants should submit information to the individual identified by the Agency when the applicant is informed of an unapproved inert.

Unapproved Inerts Identified on CSFs

All applications except conventional new products and PIPs

Once an unapproved inert is identified on a CSF, the Agency will contact the applicant with the following options:

- 1. Correct the application by, for instance, correcting the inert's identity or CAS number, providing documentation that the inert has been approved, or removing the unapproved inert from the CSF or replacing it with one that is approved for the application's uses; or
- 2. Submit the information and data needed for the Agency to approve the unapproved inert. If this option is selected and implemented, the Agency may request an extension in the PRIA decision review timeframe to accommodate the inert review/approval process;

3. Withdraw are application (the Agency retains 25% of the full fee for the fee category estimated); or

If none of these options is selected and implemented by the applicant within the 21 day content review period, the Agency will reject the application and retain 25% of the full fee of the category identified.

Conventional New Product Applications

When the Registration Division identifies an unapproved inert on a CSF with an application for a new product that the applicant has not identified as requiring an inert approval (R311, R312 or R313), it will contact the applicant with the following options:

- 1. Correct the application by, for instance, correcting the inert's identity or CAS number, providing documentation that the inert has been approved, or removing the unapproved inert from the CSF or replacing it with one that is approved for the application's uses; or
- 2. Submit the information and data needed for the Agency to approve the unapproved inert, including any required petition to establish or amend a tolerance or exemption from a tolerance. (This option may change the PRIA category for the application, which could require a longer decision review time and a larger fee. If additional fees are due, they must be received by the Agency within the 21 day content review period.)
- 3. Withdraw the application (the Agency retains 25% of the full fee for the fee category estimated); or

If none of the above options is selected and implemented during the 21-day content-review period, the Agency will reject the application and retain 25% of the appropriate fee for the new product-inert approval category.

PIP Applications

When the Biopesticide and Pollution Prevention Division identifies an unapproved inert on a PIP CSF and a request to approve the inert does not accompany the application, it will contact the applicant with the following options:

- Correct the application by, for instance, correcting the spelling or name of the inert to that in 40 CFR 174, or providing documentation that the inert has been approved; or
- 2. Submit the information and data needed for the Agency to approve the unapproved inert. If an inert ingredient tolerance exemption petition is required, the petition must be received by the Agency and the B903 fee paid within the 21 day period. If this option is selected and implemented, the Agency will discuss harmonizing the timeframe for both actions.

3. Withdraw the application (the Agency retains 25% of the full fee for the fee category estimated); or

If none of the above options is selected and implemented during the 21 day content review period, the Agency will reject the application and retain 25% of the fee.

- B. A policy on documentation of offers to pay is still being developed, however, for a me-too or fast track (similar/identical) new product, R300 or A530, an application without the necessary authorizations of offers to pay will be placed into either R301 or A531. The Agency recommends that authorizations of offers to pay be submitted with other PRIA applications to avoid delays in the Agency's decision.
- C. Biopesticide applicants are advised to contact the Agency and discuss study waivers prior to submitting their application to the Agency. Documentation of such discussions should be submitted with the study waiver.

Inert ingredient information may be entitled to confidential treatment



RE: Dynaquat Stanley Bernard to: Rufus Bastian Cc: vstojic, Kirk Clausen

09/28/2009 02:46 PM

History: This message has been replied to. Please find attached the correct Confidential Statement of Formula. Thanks, Stanley Bernard ----Original Message----From: Rufus Bastian [mailto:rbastian@solerasd.com] Sent: Friday, September 25, 2009 5:59 PM To: Stanley Bernard Cc: vstojic@solerasd.com Subject: Re: Dynaquat Thanks for taking care of this Stanley. I'm not sure if we ever received on may be entitled to confidential treatment of . I forward everything the revised CSF with the our registration consultant and will double check with him. that submitted it to the EPA. Will let you know. At any rate it's good resent and edited CSF to Kirk. Rufus ---- Original Message -----From: "Stanley Bernard" <sbernard@drexchem.com> To: "Rufus Bastian" <rbastian@solerasd.com> Cc: <vstojic@solerasd.com> Sent: Friday, September 25, 2009 12:01 PM Subject: RE: Dynaguat on may be entitled to confidential treatment*

TEMOVED. I thought we had sent you the CSF with the Stanley ----Original Message----From: Rufus Bastian [mailto:rbastian@solerasd.com] Sent: Friday, September 25, 2009 9:54 AM To: Stanley Bernard Cc: vstojic@solerasd.com Subject: Fw: Dynaguat Stanley, I received the following message from Kirk Clausen an EPA consultant.

I received the following message from Kirk Clausen an EPA consultant. He also left me a telephone message. Since you submitted the original CSF we thought it best if you made the change and resubmitted one with the revision Kirk is requesting. It would also be helpful if you contacted Kirk to let him know you are on top of this since I promised we would get back to him immediately.

Let me know if you need anything from me. Please also let me know that

Inert ingredient information may be entitled to confidential treatment

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you
have received this message.
---- Original Message -----
From: <Clausen.Kirk@epamail.epa.gov>
To: <rbastian@solerasd.com>
Cc: <nair.sree@epa.gov>
Sent: Thursday, September 24, 2009 11:40 AM
Subject: Dynaguat
> Mr. Bastian,
> This is Kirk Clausen, EPA contractor. This email is in regards to your
> submission of Dynaquat. We have found the following deficiency with
the
> application package:
> 1) The Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) contains an inert
> ingredient
                                            that is not approved by the
> EPA for food use.
> This inert will have to be removed from the CSF. You may fax the
> correction to 703.305.5060/Attn: Kirk Clausen or email it to me. If
> have any questions please feel free to contact me at 703.347.8784 or
you
> may email me.
> Thank you,
> Kirk Clausen
> Environmental Analyst
> Macfadden
> EPA contract
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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

September 22, 2009

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

OPP Decision Number: D-420491

EPA File Symbol or Registration Number: 82542-EA

Product Name: DYNAQUAT EPA Receipt Date: 03-Sep-2009 EPA Company Number: 82542

Company Name: SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC

RUFUS BASTIAN SOURCE DYNAMICS, LLC 10039 E. TROON NORTH DRIVE SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85262-

SUBJECT: Receipt of Registration Application Subject to Registration Service Fee

Dear Registrant:

The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application and certification of payment. If you submitted data with this application, the results of the PRN-86-5 screen will be communicated separately. During the administrative screen, the Office of Pesticide Programs has determined that this Action is subject to a Pesticide Registration Service Fee as defined in the Pesticide Registration Improvement Act.

The Action has been identified as Action Code: R301

NEW PRODUCT; IDENTICAL OR SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR IN COMPOSITION AND USE TO A REGISTERED PRODUCT; REGISTERED SOURCE OF ACTIVE INGREDIENT; SELECTIVE DATA CITATION ONLY FOR DATA ON PRODUCT CHEMISTRY / ACUTE TOXICITY / PUBLIC HEALTH PEST EFFICACY, WHERE APPLICANT DOES NOT OWN ALL REQUIRED DATA NOR HAS AUTHORIZATION LETTER FROM DATA OWNER;

No additional payment is due at this time.

If you have any questions, please contact the Pesticide Registration Service Fee

Ombudsman at (703) 305-6249.

Sincerely,

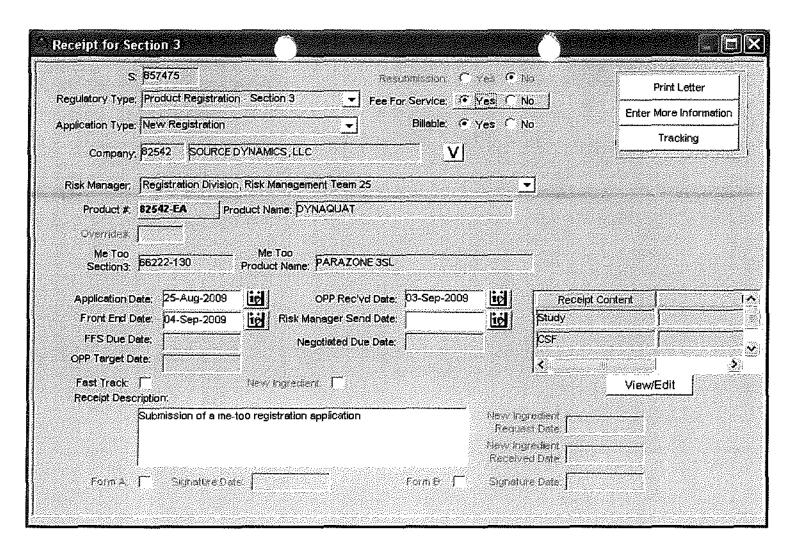
Front End Processing Staff

Information Technology & Resources Management Division

Fee for Service

が {857475L~

This package includes the following	for Division
 New Registration Amendment Studies? □ Fee Waiver? volpay % Reduction: 	○ AD ○ BPPD ○ RD Risk Mgr. 25
Receipt No. S-EPA File Symbol/Reg. No. Pin-Punch Date: This item is NOT subject t	82542-EA 9/3/2009
Action Code: Requested: Granted: (30) Amount Due: \$ 1.638	Parent/Child Decisions: Inent not approved Lee status four S. Roch 9/23/09
Inert Cleared for Intended Use	Uncleared Inert in Product Date: 9/9/09
Remarks:	, .



FEE FOR SERVICE



Fw: Pay.Gov Payment Confirmation Rufus Bastian to: John Jamula

09/21/2009 04:34 PM

Dear John,

Per your request of proof of payment for our Dynaquat registration the following is what I think you need. Please let me know if this will suffice or if you need any additional information.

Best regards,

Rufus Bastian Source Dynamics, LLC 480-502-9289

```
---- Original Message -----
From: "Terry K Stojic" <tstojic@solerasd.com>
To: <rbastian@solerasd.com>
Sent: Monday, September 21, 2009 11:44 AM
Subject: Fw: Pay.Gov Payment Confirmation
>
> From: <paygovadmin@mail.doc.twai.gov>
> Sent: Thursday, September 17, 2009 9:39 AM
> To: <tstojic@solerasd.com>
> Subject: Pay.Gov Payment Confirmation
>> THIS IS AN AUTOMATED MESSAGE. PLEASE DO NOT REPLY.
>>
>> Your transaction has been successfully completed.
>>
>> Payment Summary
>>
>> Application Name: PRIA Service Fees
>> Pay.gov Tracking ID: 24VPl3M0
>> Agency Tracking ID: 74080882369
>>
>> Account Holder Name: Terry K Stojic
>> Transaction Type: Sale
>> Billing Address: 7364 E Red Hawk St
>> City: Mesa State/Province: AZ Zip/Postal Code: 85207 Country: USA Card
>> Type: Visa
>> Card Number: *********8851
>> Payment Amount: $1,638.00
>> Transaction Date: Sep 17, 2009 12:39:17 PM
>> Decision Number: Registration Number:
```

Fw: Proof of PRIA fee payment required for application to register DYNAQUAT

John Jamula to: Rufus Bastian 09/09/2009 12:59 PM

Dear Mr. Bastian

Your application is subject to a registration service (PRIA) fee of \$ 1.638 that is due at the time of application. Please send me a copy of a check or a pay.gov receipt for this amount. I have attached some basic payment information below. Further information on this fee is available on our website at: http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/regulating/fees/index.htm

ONLINE PAYMENT

To submit a payment on-line, visit www.pay.gov . From the pay.gov home page, under "Find Public Forms":

Payment prior to and at application

- select "search by form name";
- on the A-Z Index of Forms page, select "P";
- from the list of forms on the first page, select "Pesticide Registration Act Prepayment";
- complete the form entering the PRIA fee category and fee;
- keep a copy of the pay.gov acknowledgement of payment and attach a copy to the front of the application to assure that EPA can match the application with the payment; and
- submit the application.

Payment following an invoice

- select "search by form name";
- on the A-Z Index of Forms page, select "P";
- from the list of forms on the first page, select "Pesticide Registration Improvement Act Invoice Payment"; and
- complete the form, making certain to use the decision number and registration number on the invoice you receive from the Pesticide Program in the space provided.

Note the difference in the name of the form between pre-payment and payment following an invoice. The maximum amount that may be charged to a credit card is \$99,999. There is no limit on the amount of a wire transfer, and there are no additional fees if either electronic funds transfer or a credit card is used on Pay.gov.

PAYMENT BY CHECK

The Agency has established procedures for the submission of checks via certified mail, registered mail, or courier service. Checks should be made payable to USEPA or

Environmental Protection Agency.

Note: Received checks will be converted into an electronic funds transfer (EFT). This means we will copy your check and use the account information on it to electronically debit your account for the amount of the check. The debit from your account will usually occur within 24 hours, and will be shown on your regular account statement.

You will not receive your original check back. We will destroy your original check, but we will keep the copy of it. If the EFT cannot be processed for technical reasons, you authorize us to process the copy in place of your original check. If the EFT cannot be completed because of insufficient funds, we may try to make the transfer up to two times.

Checks may be sent:

By USPS Mail:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington Finance Center FIFRA Service Fees P.O. Box 979074 St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

Teresa Downs
Information Services Branch
Office of Pesticide Programs
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
phone: (703)305-5363
fax: (703)305-7670
www.epa.gov/pesticides

By courier: U.S. Bank Government Lockbox 979074 1005 Convention Plaza SL-MO-C2-GL St. Louis, MO 63197 (314) 418-4990



Audust 25, 2009

Document Processing Desk Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Attn: Hope A. Johnson (PM Team 25), Herbicide Branch, Registration Division

Subject: Source Dynamics Paraguat Concentrate: 82542-3: Replacement

Dear Ms. Johnson:

Thank you for your e-mail of August 20, 2009 regarding the registration of an alternate paraguat product. After reconsideration, Source Dynamics LLC proposes to replace the existing product with a new product as the basic registration. We do not propose to claim that the new product is substantially similar to our currently registered product. In fact, we wish to replace our product, which contains methanol, with one that does not. The new product can then be considered substantially similar to other registered products of the same concentration.

We are submitting here a registration application for the new product with the understanding that the Agency will invalidate the Confidential Statement of Formula of our current product when it approves the new product. The Confidential Statement of Formula for the new product would then be considered the basic CSF, and the same EPA Registration Number would be retained for the new product.

This would mean that for a short time, there would be two products in commerce with the same registration number but slightly different labels. Our inventory of the current product is quite low, however, and we do not expect this situation to exist for more than about three months,

For convenience, we have named the new product "Dynaguat" in order for reviewers to distinguish it from the current product.

Please find enclosed the following documents:

Application for Pesticide Registration (8570-1) Confidential Statement of Formula (8570-4) (2 copies) Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (8570-34) Data Matrix (8570-35) Proposed label (6 copies) Supporting study (3 copies, with Data Transmittal Document)

We believe that this is a PRIA R301 action, for which we have arranged payment.

Sincerely, Rufor Boston

Rufus Bastian

President, Source Dynamics LLC

rbastian@solerasd.com



Many and Address of Submitter
Soulce Dynamics LLC
10039 E. Troon North Drive
Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Regulatory Action in Support of Which This Package is Submitted

Application for Pesticide Registration: Dynaguat (containing paraguat): proposed 85242-3

Transmittal Date August 25, 2009

List of Submitted Studies

B. L. Tonkel, "Identity, Composition, Analysis, Physical and Chemical Characteristics of Dynaquat," Project No. 200917 (June 25, 2009), 35 pages, OPPTS Series 830: 1550, 1670, 1750, 1800, 6302, 6303, 6304, 7200, 7220, 7300, 7840, 7950, 7370, 7550, 7000, 6313, 6314, 6315, 6316, 6317, 6318, 6319, 6320, 6321 and 7050.

Rupes Bushan

Company Official: Company Name: Company Contact: Rufus Bastian Signature: _ Source Dynamics LLC Rufus Bastian, President telephone (480) 502-9289

> 10039 E. Troon North Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85262

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 12	00 Pennsylvani	a Avenue, N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460
Paperwork Reduction Act Notice: The public reporting burden for this collection of infor hours per response for reregistration and special review activities, including time for read regarding burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including (2822T), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Was	ding the instructions a suggestions for reduc	and completing the necessary forms. Send comments cing the burden to: Director, Collection Strategies Division
Certification with Respect	t to Citation of Da	ta
Applicant's/Registrant's Name, Address, and Telephone Number Source Dynamics LLC, 10039 E. Troon North Dr., Scottsdale, AZ 85262		EPA Registration Number/File Symbol 82542-
Active Ingredient(s) and/or representative test compound(s) paraquat dichloride		Date August 14, 2009
General Use Pattem(s) (list all those claimed for this product using 40 CFR Part terrestrial food and non-food crops	158)	Product Name Dynaquat
NOTE: If your product is a 100% repackaging of another purchased EPA-registe to submit this form. You must submit the Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA		for all the same uses on your label, you do not need
t am responding to a Data-Call-In Notice, and have included with this form a list oused for this purpose).	of companies sent o	iffers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should be
SECTION I: METHOD OF DATA SUP	PORT (Check one :	method only)
I am using the cite-all method of support, and have included with this form a list of companies sent offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should be used for this purpose).	selective method	elective method of support (or cite-all option under the i), and have included with this form a completed list of is (the Data Matrix form must be used).
SECTION II: GENERAL	OFFER TO PAY	
(Required if using the cite-all method or when using the cite-all option under the and agree to pay compensation, to other persons, with regard to the approval of		
SECTION If: CER	TIFICATION	
I certify that this application for registration, this form for reregistration, or this Data application for registration, the form for reregistration, or the Data-Call-in responsible method is indicated in Section I, this application is supported by all data in the Agidentical or substantially similar product, or one or more of the ingredients in this under the data requirements in effect on the date of approval of this application if similar composition and uses. I certify that for each exclusive use study cited in submitter or that I have obtained the written permission of the original data submit registration or reregistration that is not an exclusive use study, either: (a) I am the data submitter to use the study in support of this application; (c) all periods of eligible literature; or (e) I have notified in writing the company that submitted the statections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA; and (ii) to commence negotiations for the use of the study. I certify that in all instances where an offer of compensate their delivery in accordance with sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA affail to produce such evidence to the Agency upon request, I understand that the improduce in conformity with FIFRA. I certify that the statements I have made complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement applicable law. Signature	se. In addition, if the gency's files that (1) product; and (2) is a fine application sou support of this regis itter to cite that stude original data submit to determine the altion is required, copre available and will Agency may initiate on this form and	e cite-all option or cite-all option under the selective concern the properties or effects of this product or an a type of data that would be required to be submitted ight the initial registration of a product of identical or stration or reregistration, that I am the original data by I certify that for each study cited in support of this exitter; (b) I have obtained the permission of the original ation have expired for the study; (d) the study is in the ed (I) to pay compensation to the extent required by mount and terms of compensation, if any, to be paid ies of all offers to pay compensation and evidence of I be submitted to the Agency upon request. Should I action to deny, cancel or suspend the registration of all attachments to it are true, accurate, and is by fine or imprisonment or both under
	Date	Typed or Printed Name and Title

Form Approved OMB No. 2070-0060



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	DA	TA MATRIX			
Date August 14, 2009		EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 -		Page 1 of 3	
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Add Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Tro	ress oon North Drive, Scottsdale, AZ 85262	Product OYNAQUAT			
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride					
Guideline Reference Number Guideline Study Name MRID Number			Submitter	Status	Note
Generic Data:					
Cite all	Cite at	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay	
~	-	-		-	
•	-	-	4	-	
Product Specific Datat:					
830.1550	Product identity and composition	тво	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1600	Description of materials used to produce the product	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
830, f620 -	Description of production process	тво	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1670	Discussion of impurities	тво	Source Dynamics	Own	
830, f700	Preliminary analysis	TBD	Source Oynamics	Own	
830.1750	Certified limits	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.1800	Enforcement analytical method	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6302	Cotor	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6303	Physical state	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
830.6304	Qdor	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own	
Signature Gufus (Qdor	Name and Title RUFUS BASTIAN PRESIDENT		Date 8/14/2009	

EPA Form 8570-35 (9-97) Electronic and Paper versions available. Submit only Paper version.

Agency Internal Use Copy

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DATA MATRIX

Date August 14, 2009		EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542-	Page 2 of 3			
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Address Source Dynamics, LLC, 10039 E Trron		Product DYNAQUAT				
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride						
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note	
830.6313	Stability to normal and elevated temperatures, metals and metal ions	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6314	Oxidizing/reducing action	TBD	Source Dynamics			
830.6315	Flammability	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6316	Explodability	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7000	рН	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7050	UV/Visible absorption	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7200	Melting point/metting range	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7300	Density/Relative density/Bulk density	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7370	Dissociation constant	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7570	Partition coefficient	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7840	Water solubility	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7950	- Vapor pressure	TBD	Source Dynamics	Dwn		
830.6317	'Storaĝe štability	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6318	Viscosity	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6319	Miscipility - ;	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
Signature Rufus &	Miscibility - j	Name and Title RUFUS BASTIAN PRESIDENT		Date 8/14/2009		

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		DATA MATRIX				
Date August 14, 2009			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 82542 -	Page 3 of 3		
La			Product DYNAQUAT			
Ingredient Paraquat Dichloride						
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note	
830.6320	Corrosion characteristics	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.6321	Dielectric voltage breakdown	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7050	UV/Visible Absorption	TBD	Source Dynamics	Own		
830.7220	Boiling paint	тво	Source Dynamics	Own		
Acute Toxicity Data:						
870.1 f00	Acute oral	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
870.1200	Acute dermat	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
870.1300	Acute inhalation	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
870.2400	Primary eye irritation	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
870.2500	ု မြိုးimary germat irritation	Cite all	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
870.2600	Dermat sensitization	Cite alt	Syngenta Crop Protection	Pay		
Signature Profess Bastan			Name and Title Purus BASTIA PRESIDENT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date 8/14/2009	

REST. ICTED USE PES ICIDE

Due to acute toxicity. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

DYNAQUAT

Defoliant and desiccant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

NEVER PUT INTO FOOO, ORINK OR OTHER CONTAINERS. IF SWALLOWED, TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION AS PRESCRIBED IN FIRST AID. SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED AND PAINFUL. DO NOT USE OR STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME. DO NOT REMOVE CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE. THE OOOR OF THIS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDEO, NOT FROM PARAQUAT.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Paraquat dichloride (1, t'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridiniun	}
dichloride)	43.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	56.8%
TOTAL:	t00.0%

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emelic and stenching (odor) agent.

DANGER POISON VENENO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 82542-EPA Est. No. 82542-XX-XXX

Net Content:_

FIRST AID

Contains paraquat, a bipyridinium herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

IF SWALLOWEO:

- Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice, SPEEO IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required, if available, give an absorbent such as activated charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth.
- · Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air. The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat.
- · If person is not breathing, call 9 t t or an ambulance.
- · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

(Continued)

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated chargoal (100 grams for adults or 2 g/kg body weight in children) or Fulfer's Earth (15% solution; t liter for adults or 15mL/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an absorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. Do not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset comeal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraqual; however, contact with imitated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

For more information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at t-800-858-7378.

HOT LINE NUMBER: TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Comestic Animals

DANGER: May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective eyewear. Oo not breathe spray mist. Wear a dust/mist respirator. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long panls; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrite rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or vilon); Shoes plus socks; Protective eyewear; A NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, or P, class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A.

(Continued)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEM TS (Continued)

It is recommended that you require that $\mathbf{u}_{t,t}$ réspirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton); Shoes plus socks; Chemical resistant apron; Face shield; NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, P, or class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84-A. It is recommended that you require the respirator wearer must be fit tested and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the *Directions For Use* section of this label for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when wealher conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses or playgrounds.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides.

(Continued)

AGRICULTURA SE REQUIREMENTS (Cont'd)

It contains requirement. It training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

For preplant or preemergence (broadcast or banded), chemical fallow, postemergence directed spray applications, early postemergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

For harvest aid and deslocation application: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear, chemical resistant gloves - Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton).

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for egricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

When this product is applied at less than 10 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive should be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RE-SPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following DRIFT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops, These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- t. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and must never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environment conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions). Controlling Droplet Size

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets,

Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rale nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that pro-

vide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles s it the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice.

Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzie Type - Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than t0 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.). Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential, NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high.

Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited doud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is a liquid formulation containing 3 fbs. of active Ingredient per galfon. It contains a nontoxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

APPLICATION

This product is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broadspectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/ defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because this product is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application techniques and/or applications to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because this product requires actively growing reen plant tissue to function. Droughtstressed weeds, weed little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody park of trees and vines are unaffected by application of this product.

There is no residual soil activity to affect fater-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up this product.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

After the last application of this product, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

RAINFASTNESS

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of this product because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL

CONCENTRATE CLEARED FOR THE CURRENT USE

The following should always be added and be used at the recommended rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of this product. Nonionic Surfactant:

Either add a nonionic surfactant containing 50 to 74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% viv (1 pt. per 100 gals.); of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per t00 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

Crop Oll Concentrate: For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate that contains 5 to 20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v (1 gal. per 100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using this product.

NOZZLE SELECTION

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of this product. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Recommended Nozzie Type and Spray Pressures and Setup

	Nozzle Type		
	Flat Fan	Flood	
Maximum Size	8	15	
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psl	30-50 psi	
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"	
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down	
Maximum Speed	10 mph	t0 mph	
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%	

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

SPRAY CARRIER

This product may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher rate of this product and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with this product. The use of liquid fartilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

RATES OF THIS PRODUCT

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher rate when crop vegetation is dense. Do not exceed 0.50 lbs. a.i. per acre in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with backpack sprayers.

SPRAY VOLUME

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage, because the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES TO GEIGHT

WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALT PER ACRE.

OF SPRAY CARRIER

APPLICATION TIMING

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1 to 6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2 to 4 inches in height.

Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when this product is applied prior to filling or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tilling and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of this product.

SPOT SPRAYING

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying

If the Broadcast Rate Per Acre for THIS PRODUCT Is:	Add The Following Amount of THIS PRODUCT to 1 Gallon of Water:
1 ½ pts.	1/3 fl. oz.
2 pts.	3/8 fl. oz.
2 ½ pts.	1/2 fl oz.
3 pts.	2/3 fl. oz,

Add 1/3 to 1/2 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides

To control difficult weeds, tank mix this product with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of this product. This allows this product to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if this product was applied alone.

THIS PRODUCT may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide

Atrazine 4L Herbicide

Bicep Lite II

MAGNUM® Herbicide

Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide

Canopy® Herbicide

Lariat® Herbicide

Lexone® Herbicide

Linex® Herbicide

Lorox® Herbicide

Lorox Plus™ Herbicide

Princep® Herbicide

Sencor® Herbicide

Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Improved Weed Control with PSI's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass Broadleaf signalgrass Cheatorass Cocklebur Fall panicum Giant ragweed

Knotweed Kochia Lambsquarters

Malva (cheeseweed)

Marestail

Momingglory

Pennsylvania smartweed

Perennial weeds (suppression only)

Prickly lettuce

Sedges

Tansymustard

Velvetleaf

Volunteer wheat

Improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-OB or Banvel® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morningglory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with this product.

Order of Tank Mixing

It is advisable to tank mix this product and other listed products as follows:

- Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers. such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank aditation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add THIS PRODUCT to tank.
- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7, Fill remainder of spray tank.

Always read other pesticide products labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

It is advisable to perform a jar test to check physical compatibility when using different formulations of the herbicides listed on this tabel.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS PRODUCT is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use. The activity of THIS PRODUCT may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

- · Unless otherwise indicated, THIS PRODUCT will severely infure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or playgrounds.
- Do not apply to soils tacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for preplant and preemergence (to
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for preplant weed control that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to planting may be needed.
- THIS PRODUCT will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

		,	THIS	T	Grazing or	
Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA (California only) New seedlings	alangum	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts. See Table on "Alfalfa: New Seedlings (CA Only)"	Ground; 10 gals. Air: 5 gals,	70	 Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made during late winter or early spring. Do not cut or harvest within 70 days after application, Alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned. Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands. Do not apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.
ALFALFA Preplant or Preemergence (No-till or conventional planting)	***************************************	Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1.7 – 2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply prior to emergence of the crop. Avoid disturbing soil when seeding. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
ALFALFA Dormant season Established plantings Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds, including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	42	 Do not make more than one application per year. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if las fall cutting is greater than 6°. Spring regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2°. After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are a least 1-year old. Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days after application. For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Always refer to the metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations and restrictions.
ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Vetpar® L Herbicide Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.	42	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. When weeds are less than 4 inchestall apply at 0.7 pt. rate of THIS PRODUCT. Mix THIS PRODUCT with 1-2 qts. of Velpar Liper acre. Use lower rate of Velpar Liper Lon loam sands or sandy loams. Always refet to the Velpar Liabel for weeds controlled, rates of applications, direction for use, limitations, and restrictions. During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalf stands. Fall regrowth: Do not apply if last fall cutting is greater than 6". Spring regrowth: Do not apply last cutting is greater than 2". Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding. Temporary chlorosis may occur of alfalfa regrowth. Increased chances of crop injur may occur if stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, over cutting drought or frost occurs.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazinţ Preharv Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) ALFALFA Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar L Herbicide Region A	Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard,	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.	42	DO NOT USE on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand or poorly drained alkaline soils as crop injury, including mortality, may result. Do not cut or harvest within 42 days of application.
See table at end of Alfalfa section ALFALFA Dormant Season On established plantings: Region B: See table at end of Alfalfa saction.	Weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, witd oats, chickweed, ryegrass,	Broadcast	0.7-1,3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	Do not make more than one application per year. Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting. California: Do not apply if spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties, • All other areas within Region B: Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches. • Do not harvest within 60 days of ap-
On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B See table at end of Alfalfa section	annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds Catifornia: Desiccation of weeds Including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	 Application. Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned. If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. For improved and residual weed control in dormant established (at least 1-year-old) atfalfa, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Do not apply tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than 1-year-old. Always refer to metribuzin label for weeds controlted, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. California If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthiste or groundsel are present, use higher rate.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are tess affected by this treatment. Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or slage. Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting. A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches. Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application. Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates. Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application. Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application. Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa
ALFALFA (For use only in the following states: ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY) Desiccation of alfalfa to aid harvesting alfalfa seed THIS PRODUCT/ Reglone Tank Mix	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-25 gals. Air: 5-10 gals.	See Precautions	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not harvest until at least 4 days after application. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 ft., or by air within 75 ft, of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds. Use only on fields in production of alfalfa seed. Do not use on fields producing alfalfa for livestock feed. Do not use any portion of the treated field for human or animal feed, including seed, seed screenings, hay forage, or stubble. Do not cut current year's treated alfalfa seed crops. Do not use treated alfalfa seed for sprouting. Tag all alfalfa seed treated with THIS PRODUCT/Regione tank mix at processing plants with, "NOT FDR HUMAN CONSUMPTION". The grower is responsible for notifying the processing plants of any seed crop treated with THIS PRODUCT/Regione tank mix. Remove ALL THIS PRODUCT/Regione tank mix.

ALFALFA: New Seedlings – Supp jon and control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in L. w alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (California only).

	Rate/	Acre*	
For Control of:	For Suppression	For Control	
Annual Bluegrass		10.7 - 21.3 fl. oz.	
Chickweed	_	10.7 - 21.3 fl. oz.	
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4 – 10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.	
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)	_	10.7 21.3 fl. oz.	
Shepherdspurse	10.7 - 21,3 fl. oz.	-	
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5.4 fl. oz.	10.7 - 16.0 fl. oz.	
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches tall or less)	5.4 – 10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.	

^{*} Use the 5.4 ft. oz. rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 thfoliate leaves; use the 10.7 ft. oz. rate only when alfalfa has 6 thfoliate leaves; or use rates over 10.7 ft. oz. only when there are 9 thfoliate teaves.

ALFALFA-REGIONS

Region A

Alaska, California (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra and Nevada), Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Malne, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming

Region B

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage. When spraying around young trees, use a shield or wrap plant. Do not graze treated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground. Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-100 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed 8 pts. per season. Applications must be made at least 7 days apart. Do not harvest within 24 hours of last application.
ASPARAGUS	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.	-	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
ASPARAGUS Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old.	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	6	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest. Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.
BEANS, DRY Not for use in Callfornia Sweet lupin White sweet lupin White lupin Grain lupin Adzuki beans Asparagus beans Black beans Broad beans	Harvast-Ald	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt./100 gals, of spray mix. Use a single application of the higher rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth. May also be applied as a split application and may Improve vine coverage. However, do not make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre. (Continued)

Crop	Use Pattern	P OUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Field beans Garbanzo beans Kidney beans Lablab beans Moth beans Mung beans Pinto beans Rice beans Tepary beans Urd beans Guar PEAS, DRY Not for use in Callfornia Blackeyed peas Chickpeas Cowpeas Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang	Harvest-Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans are green. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included. Not registered for use in dry beans and dry peas in California.
BERRIES Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Post- emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gats.		 Do not meke more than 5 applications per year. New canes or shoots can be injured. Therefore, apply before their emergence. To prevent crop injury from spray mist, apply as a coarse spray.
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Apply when weeds are succulent and growth is from 1-6". Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, lategerminating weeds and grasses and for perennials. Use a shield for young trees to prevent sprays from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS (Puerto Rico only)	Shielded Post Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90	 Cassavas and Tanters: Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Yams: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Make epplications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1-6". Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop. Do not spray under windy conditions. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

General Information for Chemical Fallow

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with THIS PRODUCT. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum bumdown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying THIS PRODUCT, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide for rates

of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- tt is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- · Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application. When applying at less than 10 GPA by ground: Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph. Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi. Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre. By air: apply in 5-10 gallons of spray mix per 10-2

Crop	Use Pattern	THIC RODUCT	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CHEMICAL FALLOW Continuous Wheat (2-3 month recropping interval)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply at least 45 days before seeding. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Fall applied after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Spray before weeds produce seeds. Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September. For improved burndown and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide, or Command® Herbicide. For Improved burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF). Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow*.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Fallow- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied: seeded 3-5 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains. Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow". For burn down and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone). Always refer to the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexone) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop'-Wheat Rotations (Fall applied in wheat stubble)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved bumdown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds produce seed. If grasses such as foxtails or barnyard-grass recover, respray before seed production. Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".

Crop	Use Pattern	Th. RODUCT	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat-Annual Crop- Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop ¹)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for Atrazine for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow". Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pertaining to soil pH and recropping intervals.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES Including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, salnfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch. Dormant Season On established plantings: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section. On established	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals. Ground: 10 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting. Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2°. Do not harvest within 60 days of application. CAUTION: Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application.
plantings: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	California – Use for desic- cation of weeds includ-	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	60	Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application. If there is severe weed infesta-
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1- year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	ing bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherd-spurse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	tion, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. In Callfornia: If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher rate.
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1- year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section,		Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60	

Стор	Use Pattern	IIS PAUDUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gais. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn. To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
CORN Tank mixes for no-till/reduced tlll	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.*		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. TRIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2, 4-D Ester (Low Volatile), Hamess®, Harness® Xtra, AAtrex®/Atrazine, Lasso® Herbicide, Banvel®, Linex®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Lorox®, Bicep Lite Ii MAGNUM®, Princep®, Dual MAGNUM, Prowl® Herbicide, Frontier®, Simazine, Guardsman®, Surpass®, EC Harmony®, Extra Herbicide Surpass, 100 (Preplant only) Topnotch®. THIS PRODUCT may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	Post- emergence Directed Spray (including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Applications should be made when weeds are actively growing. Use a higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts com plants. For Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxicity. Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. For Directed Spray Without Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers: Com height is measured from soil surface to top of whori. Apply when com is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of corn stalks. Com plants shorter than 10" may be injured and not recover. For corn more than 20" tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks. Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed. However, com will recover and develop normally.

Crop	Use Pattern	IS PNODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN	Harvest Aid Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground; 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than one application per year. Make ONE (t) application at least 7 days prior to harvest. Apply after the corn is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consult your local agricultural authority for help in Identifying the black layer. Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active Ingredient at 0.25% v/v. To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18", use 1.3 pts. Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kill, and desiccation may not be complete.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	Post -emergence Directed Spray USDA Witch- weed Eradication Program	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage) 2, 4-D Amine AE Tank Mix	Post- emergence Directed Spray USDA Witch- weed Eradication Program	5,4 fl. oz. + 0.5 lbs. 2, 4-D Amine AE	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. If regrowth occurs, reapply. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above. Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply prior to, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.
COTTON (California only; Used alone)	Preplant	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals,		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
COTTON Goal® Herbicide Tank Mix	Preplant or Fallow Bed Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, and directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Other Tank Mixes	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. For improved residual control or burndown, THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Caparol® Herbicide, Cotoran® Herbicide, Cotton-Pro® Herbicide, Diuron, Duat MAGNUM®, Harmony® Extra (Preplant Only), Meturon® Herbicide, MSMA, Prowl®, Zonal® Herbicide. When tank mixing with Cotoran® DF or Meturon® DF, follow mixing instructions carefully, maintain constant agitation, and see Order of Tank Mixing section in respective labels. When tank mixing with any of the herbicides listed above, always refer to respective product tabel(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

COTTON HARVEST AID USE REST TIONS

- Do not make more than 4 applications; _____,ear.
- · Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.
- Do not apply to cotton within 3 days before harvest.
- Repeat application if necessary. Do not exceed a total of t.3 pts./A as a harvest aid.
- May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- THIS PRODUCT can 'pplied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate® insec Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Nodes above cracked bolls (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOUTHERN COTTON Harvest aid tor boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phos- phate and chlo- rate defoliants).	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + t pt. phosphate or t gal. chlorate	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN COTTON Additional tank mixes for boll opening and de- foliation	Broadcast	2.1-3.3 fl. oz.	Ground: t0 gals. Aír: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate® Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Dropp® Defoliant, Ethephon® Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR. Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
SOUTHERN CDTTON Post Defoliation — To aid in opening of mature bolls and to desiccate green weeds.	Broadcast	0.7- t.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. If weed intestation is heavy or dense, use higher rate. Apply when 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking.
WESTERN COTTON Harvesl aid for bol! opening and early defoliation	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate; and/or other compalible harvest aid products.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. On rank cotton, use higher rate. Do not use more than 5.4 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT for early detoliation as excessive desication may occur. Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB). Oevelopment of immature bolls will be inhibited. Do not use more than 4.0 lbs. of actual sodium chlorate defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop	Use Pattern	PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boil opening and mid-to-late defo- liation	Broadcast	5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible harvest ald products.		3 (Alone)	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of THIS PRODUCT in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton. Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Stripper or Spindle Harvested Harvest aid for defoliation and boll opening.	Broadcast	2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRON-MENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK OF COTTON TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. Apply when 75% of the boils are open and the remaining boils to be harvested are mature. DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FDR MATURITY. THIS PRODUCT may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant, Def Defoliant, Dropp Defoliant, Ethephone Plant Growth Regulator, Folex Defoliant, Harvade Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep PGR. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. To avoid leaf sticking, apply THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7.14 days before harvest. Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of THIS PRODUCT as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner. South of Interstate — 10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
COTTON Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	Do not make more than 4 applications per year. BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. Apply when 85% of the boils are open and the remaining boils to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity. South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Delay desiccation application of THIS PRODUCT approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made. May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.

Crop	Use Pattern	PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
COTTON Desiccation of regrowth	Broadcast	0.75-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation. Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary. Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete. If regrowth is excessive, use higher rate.
EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not exceed two applications per year.
FALLOW LAND Prior to ptanting of any crops.	Preplant Broadcast to Fallow Land	1.0-2.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year during the fallow period. Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, teveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes. Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and tor suppression of perennial weeds or sedges. For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6", the higher rate may be used. No more than 2 applications should be made during the fallow period. Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use. Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.
GRASSES (For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)	Preplant, at Ptanting, or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate. Apply THIS PRODUCT when weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage. Applications may be repeated as necessary (but only up to 3 applications per year) prior to grass emergence. Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding.
GUAR (Preharvest desiccation)	Preharvest	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals,	4	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply after the pods are fully mature. Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.
GUAVA	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gats.		 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage. Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
HOPS (ID, OR, & WA only)	Directed Spray and/or Suckering and Stripping.	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. Do not allow spray to contact green stems, foliage, flowers, or cones as injury may result. Do not allow animals to graze in treated hopyards. Silage and hop vine refuse may be fed to livestock. Spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines for sucking and stripping. Repeat as necessary, but only up to 3 applications per season. Experience with varieties other than Cascade, Yakima Cluster, and Bullion is fimited. If using THIS PRODUCT on other varieties than these, test the use pattern on a small number of vines of each variety to determine sensitivity to injury. Do not use on unlisted varieties if unac ceptable crop injury occurs. Chemical Pruning: Spray when vines are less than 3 ft. tall to burn back existing vines and obtain even emergence of subsequent vines. APPLICATION TO HOP VINES LESS THAN 6 FT. TALL MAY CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE INJURY.
LENTILS NOT REGISTERED FOR USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA.	Harvest Ald	0.8-1,3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 7 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year, Add nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals) of the finished spray volume. May also be applied as a split application. DO NOT make more than 2 applications or exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A. The split application may improve coverage. Apply when crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 30% of the leaves still green in color. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce spray drift a drift control agent may be included.
MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)	Dormant Season	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For suppression of weeds such as groundsel, chickweed, downy brome, bluegrass, Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce. Apply when crop is dormant before spring growth begins and when weeds are fess than 6" tall. Do not apply more than 2.0 pts./A per dormant season. May be tank mixed with Sinbar® Herbickle (terbacil) weed killer for improved contact activity and residual control of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce and groundsel. Apply this tank mixture no more than once per season. Always refer to Sinbar (terbacil) label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
ONIONS (seeded) ANO GARLIC	Preplant/ Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60 200 (CA only)	Do not make more than 1 application per year. For heavy weed infestations or wild oat control use the higher rate. Apply only one application per season at the 2.7 pts./A dosage. Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence. Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per season.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PASSION FRUIT	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 5 applications per year. If bark is still green at application time, use a shield or wrap vine. Pick all fruit off the ground prior to application if application is to be made during harvest season. Do not allow animals to graze on treated areas. It may be necessary to retreat or spot treat.
PEANUTS	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemer- gence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. To control or suppress small (1-6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds in peanuts at ground crack. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. For at ground crack use, THIS PRODUCT can be tank mixed with Pursuit® Herbicide or Dual MAGNUM for residual weed control. Always refer to the Pursuit or Dual Magnum label for a list of weeds controlled, application rates, necessary precautions, and use limitations. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be Injured In the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Basagran® Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Tank mix THIS PRODUCT with Basagran at 1 pl./A. for improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed and prickly sida. This tank mix can be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally. Atways refer to the Basagran label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide treatment, do not apply this tank mix as injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged. During prolonged periods of droughl or unseasonably cold weather do not apply this tank mix as unsattisfactory weed confrol may result. Do not apply by air.
PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod and morningglory, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with 8-16 oz. (0.125-0.25 lbs.) per acre of Butyrac or Butoxone 200. Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally. (Continued)

Сгор	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast Post- emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	-	Always refer to the Butyrac or Butoxone 200 labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply by air.
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60	 Do not make more than 1 application per year Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliage. Do not make more than 1 application per sea son. Do not graze treated areas or feed Ireated for age to livestock. Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.
PINEAPPLE	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gals.	20	Do not exceed 3 applications per season. More mature weeds may require retreatment.
POTATO	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals,		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.
POTATO (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only; used alone)	Preplant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
POTATO Fresh Market Only Preharvest vine killing and weed desiccation. For Use Only in the states of: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachuselts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Soulh Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	3	For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use.) • DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year. • DO NOT use on potatoes that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result. • Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and processed or consumed immediately. • DO NOT apply to drought stressed potatorines. • DO NOT use to desiccate the vines of seed potatorines as seed pieces may fail to germinate and grow normally. • DO NOT pasture livestock in treated potatorields. • DO NOT exceed 2.6 pts./A per season. • Begin application when leaves begin to turry yellow. • Immature potato foliage is tolerant to THIS PRODUCT. However, desiccation will not be complete under this condition. • Use 1.3 pts./A rate where quick vine kill is desired. • For dense vine growth, use 2 applications of 0.6 pt/A. Split applications must be applied a minimum of five days apart.
RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications peryear. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during confirming after planting, but before crop emergence when vegetation is dense, use higher rate and spray volumes. Seeding should be done with a minimur amount of soil disturbance. This product will not control weeds an grasses emerging after application. Croplants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts, Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy and/or wel weather delays speed of kill, do not flood/flush until complete kill is evident.
SAFFLOWER	Preplant or Preemer- gence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1.7-2,7 pts.	Ground; 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply before, during or after planting but before crop emergence.
SAFFLOWER (California only)	Preplant Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
SMALL GRAINS (Bar- ley, wheat)	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground; 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
SMALL GRAINS (Wheat Only) Hoelon® 3EC Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. A tank mix with Hoelon 3 EC will improve grass control. Apply when weeds are actively growing and 1-6" in height. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled. Do not apply this tank mix to barley as crop injury may result. Always refer to the Hoelon 3EC label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitalions, and restrictions.
SORGHUM (Grain)	Preplant/ Preemergence Broadcast or Band	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts, Weeds 3-6": t.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting as possible Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
SORGHUM (Grain) Atrazine & 2, and 4-D ester [Low Volatile] Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3"; 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6"; 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6"; 2-2.7 pts.		48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with Atrazine for improved preemergence or residual weed control. The addition of 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) may assist in the suppression of perennial and annual broadleaf weeds emerged at the time of application. Always refer to the specific product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limilations, and restrictions.
SORGHUM (Grain) Harmony® Extra Herbicide Tank Mix	Preplant	1.3-2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals,	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For improved weed control, THIS PRDDUCT may be tank mixed with Harmony Extra. Always refer to the Harmony Extra label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SORGHUM (Grain)	Post-emergence Directed (Including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-f.3 pts.	Ground: f0 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts sorghum plants. Do not exceed 2 postemergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. THIS PRODUCT per season. HODDED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height. Apply by directing spray between the rows and by using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDEO SPRAYERS Apply when sorghum is at least t2" tall when naturally standing. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Use precision directed-spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the application spray. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.
SOYBEANS	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": f.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": f.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gals, Air; 5 gals.		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per season. Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planling, but before crop emergence. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-DB Lorox Canopy Lorox Plus Prowl Dual MAGNUM Goal Pursuit Herbicide Harmony Extra Scepter Herbidice (Preplant Only) Sencor Herbicide Lasso Surflan® Herbicide Lexone Turbo Herbicide Linex The rate of this product to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. Where weed canopy is dense or under dry conditions, use the highest rate of THIS PRODUCT. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for a list of weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations and restrictions. The lower application rate may be used when weeds are less than 4" tall and a selective postemergence spray or cultivation will be made wilhin 3 weeks after planting. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. On not graze or harvest for forage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod).

Crop SOYBEANS	Use Pattern Preplant or	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre Weeds 1-3":	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre Ground:	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions Do not make more than 3 applications per
2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix	Preemergence	1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	10 gals. A ir: 5 gals.		year. Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lbs. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting. Apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lbs. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield. Do not use amine formulation as THIS PRODUCT activity may be reduced. May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above. Always refer to the 2, 4-D ester (Low Volatile) label for weeds controlled, rates of application, directions for use, Ilmitations, and restrictions.
SOYBEANS	Post-emergence Directed Spray (includes Hooded or Shielded)	3.0-5,3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Use the lower rate of THIS PRODUCT for control of seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, Brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2" tall. For control of 2-4" red rice, Brachiaria, bamyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT Use 5.3 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT for control of 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed. Apply THIS PRODUCT at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2, 4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. Always refer to the 2, 4-D tabel for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay. If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later. HOODED OR SH/ELDED SPRAYERS Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Use higher rate on larger (less than 6") or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants. Directed Spray WiTHDUT HODDED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8" tall. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the soybean plant is contacted by the application spray. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of application and spraying conditions.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minlmum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOYBEANS	Harvest Ald	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Indeterminant varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, ½ of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing. Injury will occur on immature soybeans. Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants, are tolerant to THIS PRODUCT and desiccalion will not be complete. Always use the higher rate when treating cocklebur. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.
STRAWBER- RIES	Post-emergence Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals,	21	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result. Do not apply more than 3 times per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
SUGAR BEETS	Preplant or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher label rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.
SUGARCANE	Post- emergence Directed Spray (Included Hooded or Shielded)	1.3 pts.	Ground:		General Comments Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year. Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction. If necessary, a second and final application can be made when new weed growth is 2-6" high. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.
-Lioua-		1.3 ριδ.	Ground: 50 gals.	_	year. Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small. Do not apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.
-Hawall-		1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	_	Do not make more than 2 applications per year, Do not apply after cane rows have closed in.
-Louisiana-		0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	30	Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than 18" high. For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth, use the higher rate. (Continued)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Mînimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) SUGARCANE -Florida & Texas-	Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 1 application per year. Under cool, cloudy weather conditions use higher rate. Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.
SUNFLOWER	Preplant or Pre- emergence Broad- cast or Banded Over Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Apply before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence.
SUNFLOWER	Preharvest Desicca- tion Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.
TARO, DRYLAND (Hawaii Only)	Post-emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	180	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Oo not allow spray to contact the tare plants es injury may result. Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high. Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled. A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland tare within 6 months of the last application.
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT Deciduous and Conifers	Preplant Broadcast	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. To allow maximum emergence of weeds prepare ground early. Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate. For improved burndown or residual control, tank mix THIS PRODUCT with other herbicides labeled for this use. Always refer to the specific tank mix herbicide label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not apply in less than 20 gals /A as weed control will be reduced.
TREES AND VINES Orchards, Vineyards, Windbreak, Shade & Ornamental Trees: Acerola Apples Apricots Avocados Bananas Beechnut Brazil nut Butternut Calamondin Cashew Chemies Chestnut Chinquapin Citrus Citron	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Cherries 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectarines 28 Olives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectannes, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shells split. Do not allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruil or foliage. Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines. Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed covered crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when figs, nuts or clives to be harvested are on the ground. For apricots — Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For cherries — Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Coffee Figs Filberts Grapes Hickory nut Kiwi fruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Macadamia nuts Mandarin Nectarines Olives Orange (sour & sweet) Papayas Peaches Pears Pistachlos Plums Prunes Pummelo Satsuma mandarin Walnuts Other shade and omamental trees such as arborvitae, ash, elm, fir, oak, pine etc.	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots 28 Cherries 28 Figs 13 Kiwi Fruit 14 Nectarines 28 Olives 13 Peaches 14 Pistachios 7 Plums 28	 For figs – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 5 postemer-gence directed applications per season. For grapes – Treat when sucker growth is not more than 8" long. Late season applications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable follage. For kiwi fruit – Do not treat more than 3 times per year. For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary. For nectarines – Do not harvest within 25 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For olives – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 4 postemergence directed applications per season. For peaches – Do not harvest within 14 days after application, and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season. For pistachios – Do not exceed 2 applications after shells split. For plums – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.
TREES AND VINES Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other Tank Mix labels	Do not make more than 5 applications per year except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shell split. This product may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Devrino!® Herbicide Goat® Karmex® Krovar® Herbicide Princep® Sinbar® Solicam® Herbicide Surflan® Always refer to other herbicide tabels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
TYFON (New Hampshire only)	Preplant Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seeding should be done with a minimum of sol disturbance. Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be injured.
VEGETABLES (Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima, Snap) Broccoli	Preplant Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground; 10 gats. Air: 5 gals,		Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permi maximum weed emergence. Continued

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Cabbage Cantaloupe Carrots Cauliflower Chayote fruit Chinese cabbage Chinese waxgourd Citron melon Collards Cucumber Eggplant Gherkin Gourd, Edible Groundcherry Lettuce Momordica spp. Musk melons Peas Pepino Peppers Pumpkin Squash Sweet Com Tomatillo Turnips Tomatoes Watermelons	Preplant Preemergence	t.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.		 Banded or broadcast treatment applications can be made before, during or atter planting but prior to the crop emergence. For heavier weed infestations, use the higher rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. THIS PRODUCT can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal®. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Eggplant Tomatoes Peppers	Directed Spray	t.3 pls.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure. Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6". Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas. Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Tomatoes	After Final Harvest	1.6-2.5 pts.	Ground: 40- t20 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply in 40-t20 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A). Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution). To ensure maximum herbicide bumdown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered. THIS PRODUCT may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used. To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently. DO NOT apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season. To mlnimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce the spray droplets (mist).
VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon,	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals,	-	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.
idaho only)					(1:27t9ved)

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
(Continued) Lettuce Melon Sugar Beets VEGETABLES (Calitomia, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only) Tomatoes	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.		Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
VEGETABLES Rhubarb	Dormant .	t.7-2,7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		Do not exceed 2 applications per year. Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.

RESIN SOAKING

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleat, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

Tree Selection — Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of THIS PRODUCT is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan treatments of THIS PRODUCT in stagnated or commercial timber stands, not sooner than three years after a commercial thinning. Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted of THIS PRODUCT to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a slandard or rotary bark hack or a chain-saw shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1-inch wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. Do not exceed 1/3 of the circumference of the tree. Senous girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can resull if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 ml) solution of THIS PRODUCT (1-5% cation, wt./wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xytem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3 ml of 2 or 4% solution of THIS PRODUCT will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60 or 120 mg per streak.

Time of Treatment: Less severe pine beetle intestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments

made any time of the year.

Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of THIS PRODUCT and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is trom 12-24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resin soaking, may occur. Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for THIS PRODUCT (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)					
Concentrations of Cation Desired (wt./wt. basis)	Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Galion of THIS PRODUCT				
0.2%	t18.8				
0.5%	46.8				
t.0%	22.9				
2.0%	t0.9				
3.0%	6.9				
4.0%	4.9				
5.0%	3.7				

Crop	Use Pattern	THIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL SET-ASIDE, CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS (For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set- aside programs)	Broadcast	t.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals. Air: 5 gals.	 -	Do not make more than 3 applications per year. THIS PRODUCT may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control. Always reter to tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
NONCROP USES	Broadcast or Spot Treatment	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: t0 gals.		Repeat applications as necessary but do not make more than t0 applications per year. To be used in noncrop areas including public airports, electric transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and other installations, and tence lines. Avoid spray contact with the foliage of ornamentals or desired plants.

Crop	Use Pattern	HIS PRODUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PASTURE RESEEDING For suppression of existing sod and undesirable emerged broadleaf weeds and grasses prior to or at time of planting grasses or forage legumes	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals, Air: 5 gals,	See specific geographic recommendation	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains Apply in October through December after first fall rains and after weeds have emerged and sod has started new growth. Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for best seeding results. Do not use in heavy sod and weed growth areas. East of Rocky Mountains Use the 1.3 pts. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass. Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes. Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment. Bermudagrass or Bahlagrass Sods Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3" in height. For control of emerged little barley, apply in February or March before the mld-boot stage of little barley. Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures Apply when bermudagrass is dormant. For control of little barley, apply before the midboot stage. Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.
For control of endophyte-fungus-infected fescue forage legume/grass mixture and other grass pastures	Broadcast (Split Application)	0.7-1.3 pts, followed by 0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year, Use split applications of 10-21 days apart if necessary, Do not exceed 2.6 pts./A total in preparation for reseeding, For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be made the previous fall. Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4" high. To reduce the infestation of endophyte-infested grass, do not allow fescue to go to seed starting with the preceding year's crop.
* For prickly pear desiccation in pastures * Not for use in Callfornia	S pot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed foliage		 Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Hand-held equipment such as knapsacks, backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, and hand-wands, can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage. Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of THIS PRODUCT and t/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water.
* For prickly pear desiccation in pastures * Not for use in California	Spot Sprays	0,8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet Weed foliage		 Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray. Apply in May through September for best desiccation results. Do not use more than 1.6 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per acre per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of trealment. Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of prickly pear. Always refer to the Grazon P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions

Сгор	Use Pattern	HIS PNUDUCT Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
* For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to Prescribed burning of pastures * Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists. Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August). Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gal spray solution. Monitor juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after application of THIS PRODUCT. Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for juniper crown burns. Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions. Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.
* Native Pastures * Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.0-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Aír: 5 gals.		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Apply THIS PRODUCT for control of downy and Japanese brome. Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom. Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season. Do not apply more than 1.25 pts. of THIS PRODUCT per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.

Conversion Table AMOUNT OF THIS PRODUCT to Be Applied						
Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i.	Acres/Gallon			
2.5	0.16	0.06	51,3			
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7			
5,28	0.33	0.12	24.2			
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2			
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8			
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6			
11.20	0.70	0.26	11,4			
t2.00	0.75	0.28	10.7			
16.00	1.00	0.38	0.8			
20.00	1,25	0.47	6.4			
20.80	1.30	0.49	62			
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3			
28.00	1,75	0.66	4.6			
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0			
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2			
43.20	2.70	1,00	3.0			

STORAGE AND DI

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Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide Storage: Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

Do not reuse container as container is not safe for food, feed or drinking water!

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 galions): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefilable Container (rigid material; 5 gaillons or greater): Nonrefilable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Containers:

Refillable container. Refill this container with this product only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

WARRANTY STATE TENT

important Notice—— ir warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions and instructions under normal conditions of use; but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

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Source Dynamics, LLC

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